# THE CHEISEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

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VOLUME 23.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, SEPT. 21, 1893.

NUMBER 4.

# HATS! HATS!

# The Largest Line You Ever Looked At.

Later Styles than you will find anywhere else in Chelsea and the prices we guarantee from

# 25 to 50 per cent Cheaper.

A First-class Stiff Hat \$1.50! New Style, for - - - \$1.50!

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All Odds and Ends in Men's, Boy's and Children's Hats at about one-half price.

See the Bargains before you buy.

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# W. P. SCHENK & CO.

# O, Woman,

You have two chances—yes, three. Three great chances—One great chance you have is this: You can put both of your cold feet right in the small of your husband's back, and by holding them there, make him agree to anything. Another chance you have is, you can buy the Choicest Cuts of Meat and Finest Groceries, at the right prices, quality guaranteed. You want the best, why not apply the feet and get what

Apply the Feet for Croceries and Meat, And come straight to

# M. BOYD'S.

Hotel and Restaurant in Connection. Best Meal to be had in town, 25c. of the high esteem in which the contracting

# HOLD ON.

See W. R. Lehman before buying your Holiday Books.

Mr. Lehman is agent for one of the largest publishing houses in Chicago, and can surely save you money. Among the Juvenile Books he sells, are: "Little Sweethearts," "Snow and Sunshine," "Royal Entertainments" and "Poetry and Art."

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Electric Insoles.

# NO MORE COLD FEET.

The cheapest cure ever offered in the world. Invaluable for Fetor or Sweaty Feet. Keep your feet warm and your head cool, and you will receive but few doctor's You can have no idea how comfortable, convenient and serviceable the Electric Insoles are until you have tried a pair yourself. Ladies' and gentlemen's sizes.

FOR SALE BY W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.



Watches, Clocks, Chains and Charms, Gold Spectacles, and other fancy and common styles of Eye Glasses, also Razors, Shears, Scissors and Pocket Knives.

# Cigars & Tobaccos.

In connection with my jewelry stock I have

Choice Line of Cigars Tobacco.

Give me a call.

### In Memoriam.

Of the death of Miss B. S. Greening,

She has moved into the light, Out of earth's darkness and night: From her home and friends and love, She has entered realms above.

She has moved into the light, To a land of pure delight: From all sickness, pain and grief, She has found a sure relief.

She has moved into the light, She has vanished from our sight; Welcome e'er was the dear face, In our hearts found a true place.

She has moved into the light, She who nobly did the right; Always patient, tender, kind, Ever keeping friends in mind.

She has moved into the light,

She whose mind was clear and bright; Always filled with gems of thought, Wisdom from deep study caught.

She has moved into the light, Tho' we mourn with all our might; And our grief be a great cross, Yet her gain is our deep loss,

She has moved into the light, Life's battles no more to fight; There she wears a golden crown, And on loved ones now looks down.

She has moved into the light, Where 'tis peaceful, calm and bright; And proclaims salvation's story, From the battlements of glory.

She has moved into the light, Robed in raiment pure and white; With angels glad song to raise Of triumphant, hope and praise. SATIE E. VAN TYNE.

## A Happy Marriage.

The following from the Owosso Evening Argus will interest a number of our readers:

At 10 o'clock this morning in St. Paul's church occured the marriage of Arthur Stotenbur, of Chicago, and Miss Josie Prendergast, of Owosso. The ceremony, a pretty one, was conducted by Rev. Fr,

The bride was gowned in pink silk trimmed in lace, and the maids of honor, Miss Hannah Vangunten, of Toledo, and Miss Matie Conaty, of Chelsea, were each attired in cream silk with lace arches. Dan Prendergast, a brother of the bride, was best man. After the ceremony at the church the bridal party and a number of friends repaired to the home of the bride on Grover street, where a reception was held. The table decorations were pink and white which harmonized with the colors worn by the bridal party, making a pink and white wedding

Those present from out of town were Mr. and Mrs. A. Neuberger, of Chelsea, aunt and uncle of the bride. A costly array of presents were slight expressions parties are held. Some rare and beautiful flowers were sent the bride from friends in

Mr. and Mrs. Stotenbur will leave at once for their new home in Chicago where the good wishes of their Owosso friends will accompany them.

# Small Farms.

A well-managed small farm will pay a long way better than an ill-managed large farm, and the sooner this fact is recognized by the farming community the better. A hundred acres of land, cultivated in a proper manner and kept in a high state of fertilization, will return a greater net profit per annum than twice or thrice the area that is worked in the perfunctory manner in which most large farms are managed, for it must be remembered that it is not profitable sources of income which the desiring to carry them around with one. large owner so often neglects as not being They should never be put into the worth troubling about, and in this way a ordinary pocket book, as the rubbing good living and a snug bank account against coins is also bad for them.

# Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Smoking and Chewing

Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Sores, Corns, Sores, Corns, Sores, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Sores, Corns, Sores, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Sores, Chilblains, Sores, Chilblains, Chilblains, Sores, Chilblains, Chilblains, Chilblains, Sores, Chilblains, positively cures Piles, or no pay required.
It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Co.

The world is full of people who want to go to heaven, but they want to do it in their own way.

#### Golden Jubilee.

Rarely is it permitted to a husband and wife to live to celebrate the 50th anniversary of their marriage. But such a blessing was bestowed upon Mr. and Mrs. Simon Weber, Sr., of this village.

The event was grandly celebrated last Monday, Sept. 18, 1893, both religiously and socially. The altar of St. Mary's church was a blaze of light, decorated with exquisite flowers in honor of the happy

The ceremoney began by the aged couple, renewing before the altar, in the presence of their pastor, those sacred and solemn vows, which they had made 50 years ago. The 127th psalm, which speaks so beautifully of the happiness that comes to those who fear God, was chanted, and the solemn blessing of the Catholic church celebrated before a large congregation, among whom were the six children, and many grandchildren of the yenerable couple. At the end of Mass, the pastor, in his name and the name of the church, tendered in elequent words the felicitations of those present to Mr. and Mrs. Weber. The ceremony was a most impressive and memorable one, and will not be soon forgotten by those who witnessed it.

After the religious solemnity, an elegant and substantial repast was served to the children, grandchildren and intimate friends and the day passed delightfully in the enjoyment of social intercourse.

Beautiful gold spectacles were presented to Mr. and Mrs. Weber by their children, Rev. Father Considine making an appropriate address.

The recipients of these high honors are among the most respected and esteemed esidents, of Chelsea. They are pioneers, having been more than fifty years among us, and have lived to see the wilderness blossom as a rose. They had industry. energy, sobriety, an indomitable will and great courage, and their admirable qualities served them well in this new county.

Mr. and Mrs. Weber are citizens of which the Great Republic may be proud for the world has been better for their living in 1t.

Let us bid them in the exquisite words of one of our most beautiful poets:

Hail and God speed! May Golden days Yet wait thy lingering feet, Love rest on thy accustomed ways, Fond hearts be stretched to greet; Till, rounding all His poorer gifts Earth's varying pathway trod, The passing shadow falls,—then lifts And bears thy soul to God.

# Excursions.

Excursion fares have been granted on the certificate plan by the M. C. R. R. to the following points for the occasions mentioned: Free Will Baptists meeting, Reading, Noy. 7-10; State Convention of Baptists, Muskegon, Oct. 18; Grand 11-12; National Wholesale Druggists Association, Detroit, Oct, 9-12; First Michigan Engineers and Mechanics, Marshall, Oct. 4-5; Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Societies, Detroit, Oct.

World's Columbian Exposition. I. O. O. F., Sept. 25th-27th. Christian Endeavor Day, Sept. 25th. The Michigan Central Railroad Company has authorized a rate of one first-class limited fare for the round trip to Chicago for the above occasions. Tickets good returning Oct. 2nd.

# Preservation of Rings.

"Don't wear your rings under gloves the number of acres that are cropped, but unless you remember to have them thorthe vields obtained that make farming oughly examined twice a year," is the profitable. The small farm that is kept in advice given by a jeweler. The constant high state of cultivation, every acre being friction wears out the tiny gold points that utilized and turned to the best account, is hold the stones in place, and unless strict certain to yield a good profit on both attention is paid to them they become loose capital and labor. The owner of a small in a very short time, Small purses of farm, if he is one of the thrifty sort, will suede leather are made on purpose for not continue to confine his attention to rings, or any soft pouch of skin or chamois growing one crop alone. He will turn to may be used to place the rings in when

> Diamonds can be cleaned at home to look as well as when cleaned by a jeweler, if only a little care is taken. They should as I want to sell them. be thoroughly cleaned in alcohol and then

# WHAT FIGURES

# CAN **DO.**

was imparted. High Mass was then They can convince you quicker than anything else that our bargains in groceries

# DISCOUNT all COMPETITORS.

# Seeing - is - Believing

As a general thing and that is the reason we publish a list of quotations on the second page of this issue,

That will pay you well to read. We also guarantee our goods to be

# Unsurpassed In the matter of Quality,

And will be glad to convince you of this if you will call at the Bank Drug Store.

# Don't :-: Forget

To read our price-list on second pape, it will

# Save you Money

Chelsea, Michigan.

Chapter Order Eastern Star, Jackson, Oct. Capital Paid In \$60,000.00.

Extends to its customers every facility in banking and solicits your patronage.

Hon. S. G. Ives, President. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-President. GEO. P. GLAZIER, Cashier. THEO. E. WOOD, 1st Asst. Cashier. ERNEST WALSH, 2nd Asst. Cashier.

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Harmon S. Holmes Wm. J. Knapp Frank P. Glazier John R. Gates Geo. P. Glazier.

# FARMS

**\*FOR\*** 

Do you want to buy a Good Farm at a Low Price, and on easy terms?

I have three nice farms, and can and will give you a Grand Bargain,

Come and see me if you have any idea of buying a farm. It will pay

GEO. P. GLAZIER. Chelsea, Michigan,

# THE NEWS.

# Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL. Extra Session.

MR. DOLPH (Ore.) presented in the senate or the 11th a petition of the conference of the Methodist Episcopal church in Oregon for the repeal of the Geary Chinese exclusion act. Senators Teller (Col.) and Pugh (Ala.) spoke against the repeal of the silver law. In the

house no business was transacted In the senate addresses were made on the 12th by Messrs. Mitchell, Teller and Stewart against the repeal of the silver bill, and by Mr. Hawley in favor of repeal.... In the house bills were in troduced to strike from the rolls the names of all pensioners in receipt of an income of \$600 s year or possessed of property valued at \$5,000; fixing the pension for loss of entire leg or arm at \$60 a month; for loss of leg or arm above knee or elbow joint at \$55 a month; for loss of hand or foot at \$50 a month, and providing that the pensions of all pensioners who are inmates of the soldiers' homes shall cease so long as they shall remain inmates of such homes.

SENATOR PEFFER introduced a bill for a bimetallic money system in the sepate on the 13th. A resolution for a committee of inquiry as to senators owning stock in national banks and the silver bill were discussed ... In the house bills were introduced to annex the territory of Utah to the state of Nevada, to pension all letter carriers after twenty-five years of service and on reaching the age of fifty years, to abolish the tobacco tax, and to reduce the duty on barkey from thirty to ten cents a bushel on malt to twenty-five cents, and on hops to

eight cents a pound. In the senate on the 14th the time was occupled by Mr. Daniel (W. Va.) in a speech against the passage of the repeal bill. Mr. Faulkner (W. Va.) offered an amendment to the repeal act which provides for the coinage of silver dollars (not less than 3,000,000 a month) at the ratio of 16 to 1, coinage to cease when the aggregate of \$800,000,000 is reached .... In the house an effort to report the Tucker bill to

repeal the federal election laws was defeated. On the 15th the senate listened to the advocates of the repeal of the Sherman law. Senator Cullom presented a petition from ex-soldiers of Illinois asking protection from government detectives traveling in disguise who visit the homes of pensioners and deceitfully seek to find some clew to furnish information to the pension office to deprive veterans of their pensions. ... In the house the time was passed in correcting the journal and in delivering eulogies upon the late J. Logan Chipman, of Detroit, Mich.

#### DOMESTIC.

LABACHSVILLE, Pa., a town of 200 inhabitants, is to be put up at auction.

It has been in one family for 150 years. TIMBER fires in the vicinity of Deadwood, S. D., have destroyed hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of prop-

In the trial trip at Philadelphia of the cruiser Columbia all speed records were beaten. She made 21.3 knots an

A DROUGHT of eighty-six days in Chicago and of 126 days in many western states was broken by rain on the 12th.

It was stated that the masked men who held up the express train on the Lake Shore road near Kendallville, Ind., secured \$150,000 from the express

To BUILD and operate the world's fair, including obligation in suspense, cost up to August 31 \$24,532,369. The liabilities on that date were \$1,455,215.

THE three caravals at the world's fair, exact models of the fleet of three vessels in which Columbus spread his sails for the west in 1492 and discovered the new world, have been presented to the United States by Spain.

ADULP KRUG, city treasurer of Seattle, Wash., was found to be \$135,000 short in his accounts. He had fled across the border into British Columbia.

A SCHEME to establish a state silver bullion depository, on which certificates are to be issued, is under discussion in Colorado.

AT a meeting in New York of the trust certificate holders the great Standard oil trust was formally dissolved and hereafter the companies that were in the trust will act independently.

THE barkentine Skobeleff of Portland, Me., was lost with her crew of seven men.

HARRY BAKER, aged 8, walked to the house of a neighbor near Gallipolis, O., in his sleep and was mistaken for a burglar and shot to death.

An incendiary fire in John Welch's lumber docks at West Bay City, Mich., destroyed 2,500,000 feet of lumber.

FREDERICK L. AMES, of Boston, vice president of the Old Colony railroad and worth \$25,000,000, was found dead in a stateroom of the steamer Pilgrim soon after its arrival in New York. Apoplexy was the cause.

A STRANGER'S body was found to occupy the coffin supposed to contain the remains of Rev. J. S. Marquis at Washington, Pa.

THE new city hall of Spokane, Wash. was destroyed by fire and three tinners were cremated.

TWENTY-SIX buildings in the center of Spencer, Mass., including a number of the principal business establishments, were destroyed by fire, the loss being \$300,000.

Angus McSwean and his wife were robbed and murdered at their country

home 4 miles from Newton, Ala. THE lumber firm of Bell, Cartwright & Co., Cleveland, went into the hands of a receiver with liabilities of \$100,000.

MANY of the boomers awaiting registration at Arkansas City, Kan., were prostrated by the intense heat and several deaths occurred.

An incendiary fire destroyed a large portion of the business section of Stillwater, O. T.

TWENTY-NINE buildings, including three hotels, were burned at Schell City. Mo., the loss being \$100,000.

A New York paper prints dispatches from nearly 1,000 cities and towns in the west and south giving the views of bankers and business men on the business outlook. Those interviewed say the panic is a thing of the past and the outlook is most cheerful.

Four negro prisoners, one of them a woman, charged with poisoning a family, were killed in the county jail at Carrollton, Ala., by a mob.

TWELVE men who were stealing their way to the world's fair in a freight car were held up with pistols and robbed by four men at Winslow, Ind.

NORTHERN Wisconsin was being devastated by forest fires and the homes of over fifty farmers with all their belongings had been destroyed, and several lives lost. The city of Marshfield and the village of Junction City were said to be burning.

THERE has not been a national bank failure since August 28 and during that period twenty-eight suspended national banks have resumed.

In Rockford, Ill., the Union Furniture company, the Mantle and Furniture company and the Rock River Planing Mill company made assign-

FIRE destroyed the large hay and grain warehouse of Hereley Bros.' in Chicago and ten horses perished in the AFTER a conference the world's fair

directors called a special meeting to discuss the feasibility of extending the exposition until January 1, 1894. THERE were 152 prostrations from

heat on the world's fair grounds in Chicago on the 14th, it being the hottest day of the season, the mercury registering 95 degrees.

LAURENS S. MEINTJES rode 26 miles and 50 yards in one hour on a bicycle at Springfield, Mass.

THE draw span of the Terminal Railway company's bridge between Council Bluffs, Ia., and Omaha was completed and turned in position. It is 520 feet long and exceeds in length anything of its kind in the world.

THE Moore & Smith Lumber company at San Francisco failed for \$600,-000; assets, \$2,000,000.

ALIX trotted a mile at Washington park, Chicago, in 2:06.

AT Le Mars, Ia., on a regulation track, Free Coinage lowered the 3-yearold pacing record to 2:11%.

COLLECTOR J. W. REICKLEY, of the Indianapolis Gas company, absconded, taking with him a large amount of the concern's cash.

Decided improvement in business was reported from every part of the country. The cotton mills in Massachusetts were resuming operations, but at a reduction of 10 to 13 per cent. in wages. The number of unemployed throughout the country was still very

FIRE in the business center of Emporia, Kan., did \$100,000 damage. Thirty-five horses were cremated.

L. C. Hughes, governor of Arizona, in his annual report says that the assessed valuation of the territory in 1893 was \$28,486,183, against \$27,924,162 in 1892. The total bonded debt is \$2,956,000. The governor makes a strong plea for the admission of Arizona into the union as a state. He says that the shrinkage in the value of silver has resulted in the closing of almost all the silver mines, so that the output during the year was less than \$300,000, as against \$6,278,895 in 1891.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 15th aggregated \$792,853,539, against \$733,575,705 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1892,

FIVE THOUSAND ounces of gold, worth \$134,000, have disappeared from the Philadelphia mint.

THE express car of the Mineral Range passenger train in Michigan was held up and robbed by bandits a half mile from Boston station and the robbers secured \$75,000 in cash, money intended for the employes of the Calument and Hecla copper mines.

WHILE placing a negro under arrest near Southport, La., Judge Victor Estopinal was killed and his son fatally

Four children of William Stager, living near Logansport, Ind., took poison because they were not permitted to see

AFTER an all night fight residents of Deadwood, S. D., succeeded in saving their city, threatened by forest fires.

AT Washington park, Chicago, Directum lowered the stallion record to 2:061/4 and Flying Jib paced a mile in

2:04, equaling Mascot's record. FOOTPADS waylaid some twenty employes of a St. Louis firm on pay day and robbed them of their earnings.

Two MASKED men held up the stage near Tahlequah, I. T., and after robbing the passengers carried off the mail pouches. LYDIA BULLIVANT shot her husband

fatally at Spokane, Wash., and then shot herself. No cause was known for THE Cleveland, Canton & Southern railroad was placed in the hands of re-

ceivers. STAPLES GREEN, a negro, was hanged at Livingstone, Ala., for murder. He declination of L. S. Coffin. prayed and sang on the scaffold and Yellow fever is epidemic in Brune

Business failures to the number of terror but cannot leave the city. 814 occurred in the United States in the For twelve consecutive hours Chicago seven days ended on the 15th, against firemen fought a prairie fire covering

Forest fires still raged in northern Wisconsin and hundreds of persons were homeless. The loss to forests alone was estimated at \$6,000,000.

# PERSONAL AND POLITICAL

PAYMASTER JOHN McMahon, United States navy, died suddenly of heart failure at his residence in Dorchester, Mass., aged 51 years.

Moreaus Crossy, of Grand Rapids, who was lieutenant governor of Michigan in 1872, died in Boston,/where he had gone for his health, aged 54 years.

L. S. Coffin, nominated for governor by the prohibitionist republicans of Iowa, declines to make the race. THE new baby at the white house

has been named Esther Cleveland. MILTON HAY, one of the oldest citizens of Springfield, Ill., and for many years a leading attorney, died at the age of 76 years. Mr. Hay studied law in the office of Abraham Lincoln.

#### FOREIGN.

An official decree has been issued announcing that an international exposition will be held in France in 1900. Alfred Picard is named as commander general.

THE steamer Shermoksha was burned on the River Volga in Russia and fifteen of the crew and twelve passengers lost their lives.

ADVICES from the Crimea say that cholera was committing terrible ravages, and that hundreds in the province of Taurida were dying daily.

CHARLES DE INSSEPS, sentenced in Paris to six years' imprisonment for complicity in the Panama canal frauds, has been released from prison. JUSTIN MCCARTHY has cabled an ap-

peal to the president of the Irish national federation in America asking for continued financial support. In a manifesto of the National Lib-

eral Federation in London the lords are threatened with political annihilation if they continue to oppose the popular THE steamer Byron Trerice was

burned at her dock in Leamington, Ont., and three of the crew perished. Or 9,000 pilgrims who went to Mecca

from Tunis in May 4,500 perished in the Holy Land of cholera and other dis-Two DAUGHTERS, aged 5 and 3 years, perished in the burning of James John-

son's house at Alvinston, Ont. BARNEY WILKES, the \$20,000 stallion owned by G. W. Gale, of Ypsilanti, Mich., dropped dead on the track at

Windsor, Ont. BRAZILIAN insurgents bombarded the city of Rio de Janeiro, but only little damage was done. Brazilians living in Buenos Ayres believe the success of the revolution means the restoration of the monarchy.

Two women were arrested in the district of Kuttenburg, Bohemia, who were engaged in the business of murdering children whose parents desired to have them got out of the way.

VILLA-CANAS, in Spain, was devastated by a cloudburst, and sixty persons were drowned.

# LATER.

In the United States scnate on the 16th a resolution was introduced for legislation to punish persons guilty of robbery and murder committed on interstate railway trains. Senator Allison (Ia.) spoke in favor of repeal of the silver purchasing clause of the Sherman law. In the house a resolution was introduced directing the committee on interstate and foreign commerce to investigate recent train robberies. An attempt to bring up the federal elections repeal bill was defeated by the lack of a quorum.

WILLIAM JACKSON, a negro, was taken from jail at Nevada, Mo., and hanged to a tree for assault.

FIRE destroyed the Benton club stables at St. Joseph, Mo., and 100 vehicles and eleven valuable horses were

MRS. ELI HALLOWELL, the first white woman to immigrate to Illinois, died at Oakland, aged 108 years.

Forest fires were still raging in northern Wisconsin, covering an area of nearly 200 square miles, and many lives had been lost.

An effigy of President Cleveland was found dangling to a tree in Sacramento,

NEARLY 100,000 persons made the race for land in the Cherokee strip and in the run six persons were known to have been killed and many others were

JAMES WICKS at Niagara Falls fatally injured two Italians and barely escaped THE flouring mill at Patterson, O.,

caught fire, and before the flames could be checked over a third of the town was destroyed. Volsin, Baslie and Paul Julian (col-

ored), brothers of Roselius Julian, who murdered Judge Victor Estopinal in Jefferson parish, La., were lynched by

NEARLY the entire business portion of Bunker Hill, Ill., was destroyed by

THE prohibition-republican state committee of lowa nominated Rev. Bennett
Mitchell, of Crawford county, for governor, to fill the vacancy caused by the

wick, Ga. The residents are filled with

821 the preceding week and 154 during an area of nearly twenty blocks in part adjoining the world's fair grounds. FIRE at Cynthiana, Ky., destroyed a Seven Columbian guards were overlivery stable and fifteen horses were come by the intense heat and smoke, and two will probably die.

# THEY WERE BOLD.

Masked Bandits Attack a Lake Shore Train in Indiana.

They Shoot and Badly Wound the Engineer, Blow Open the Express Car with Dynamite and Rifle the Safe of About \$150,000.

ESCAPE OF THE THIEVES.

KENDALLVILLE, Ind., Sept. 13.—Never in the the history of Noble county has there been such an atrocious crime committed as the robbery of the United States express car on the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern train near Kessler's sidetrack Monday night at midnight. The boldness and daring with which it was carried out were equal to the efforts of the James boys in their palmiest days. The attempted murder of the engineer and the blowing up of the safe, from which \$150,000 was obtained, show that the bandits were daring and skilled in their work.

Kessler, where the robbery occurred, is a small station a short distance west of Kendallville, Ind. The train was on time and slowed down before rounding a curve, at which a clump of trees obscured a view of the track ahead. As the curve was reached Engineer Knapp saw that the switch light on the Kessler siding was turned against a clear track, showing that the switch was open. He applied the brakes and easily brought the train to a stop before the switch was reached.

As he did so a number of men boarded the engine and ordered him and his fireman to throw up their hands. Revolvers were leveled at the trainmen's heads, but Knapp seized the throttle and pulled it wide open, at the same time striking the robber who covered him in the face. This saved his life, for as the desperado pulled the trigger the bullet missed the engineer's head and only plowed a furrow in his shoulder. This, however, felled him to the floor of the cab and the robbers shut off the steam, and, while two stood guard over the engineer and firemen, the others attacked the express

Dynamite was used in gaining access to the express car. As the train stopped Express Messenger W. H. Weist looked from the window of his car and saw the gang climbing on the engine. He and H. B. Hamblin, his assistant, hurriedly barricaded the doors of the car, but a moment later they were thrown to the floor by the force of an explosion which shattered the end of the car. Before the express messengers regained their feet they were looking into the muzzles of revelvers in the hands of half a dozen men, while others of the intruding party were busily engaged in getting the express safe from the car. It was dumped on the side of the track and blown open with an explosive supposed to be dynamite. The robbers hastily rifled the safe and then firing several shots from their revolvers over the heads of the train crew, as a warning against pursuit, left the scene.

President and General Manager J. Newell, of the Lake Shore railroad ordered that 2,000 posters be printed offering a reward of \$1,000 for the capture and conviction of the robbers, and that they be posted broadcast over the country.

General Superintendent C. H. Crosby, of the United States Express company, said that the robbers secured a good deal less than \$20,000 from the raid. The robbery has caused the most in-

tense excitement throughout this and adjoining counties. There are 500 resolute men armed with Winchester rifles, shotguns and revolvers scouring the country around in the hope of capturing the brazen marauders. The only witness of the scene who

has as yet reached Chicago was Byron B. Hamblin, who lives at 155 S. Western avenue and who was assistant express messenger in the car looted by the robbers. Hamblin told the following story: We were beyond Kendallville when I noticed that the train was slowing up at a little station called Kessler a few miles beyond. As we were not scheduled to stop there I stepped to the side door and looked out. I saw a red light ahead, the switch target.had been turned. and in response to the signal the engineer was slowing up. I told Messenger Weist what I saw and then shut and locked the door. We saw something was up and waited. We had hardly come to a standstill when an explosion came which seemed directly under the car. The floor of the car seamed in several places. We heard confused voices outside, but could not tell what was said. The car was filled with smoke. Then came a second explosion. A blinging flash accompanied it from the door and I knew the door had given way. When the smoke had cleared sufficiently for us to see across the car we were looking into the muzgles of two big guns. They had the drop so we lifted up our hands. The two men kept us covered while a third went to work on the safe. He drilled a hole in the door of the safe, inserted a rod of dynamite and lit the fuse. The thing refused to work. He tried it four times before it went off. When it did work the safe was demolished. In its place lay a mess of papers and plaster of paris, which formed the filling between the plates of the safe. The man rummaged through the papers, selecting what he wanted and filled a bag. Then the gang cleared out with their booty. In the ruins of the safe they overleoked a let of gold bullion."

near the scene of the incident Tuesday near the scene of the incident Tuesday evening. He telegraphed to the marshal of this place to come out and ararrest them, thinking, perhaps, that they were implicated in the robbery. When put in custody they declared that, as it was raining, they sought shelter in the barn. They were brought to this place, however, and held in confinement. Their names were given as Ernest Marks (colored). were given as Ernest Marks (colored), of Louisville, and Roy Jeppiner and Fred Moier, of Omalia.

Rich Red Blood no rival. My blood was in very poor condition. Since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I have good rich, red blood, and do not bloat as I used to hear a saraparilla her saraparilla Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved its merit to me as it will to all who take ft fairly." MRS. M. P. TOMS, Niantic, Ct.

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Hood's Pills Cure Sick Headache. 25

# THE HEPBURN LINE;"

THE MISSING LINK,

### Author of "Tempest and Sunshine." "Lena Rivers," " Darkness and Daylight," etc., is contained in

Magazine ihhiiinnpp 9 For October (published September 20). TWO BELLIGERENT SOUTHRONS.

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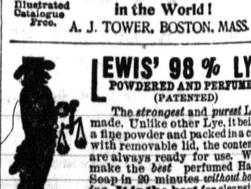
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N'S FAIR DAY.

Wolverines Visit the White esses by President Palmer and -Social Features.

CHICAGO, Sept. 14. - Garbed in a bright raiment of state and national colors, Michigan celebrated her fete at Jackson park yesterday. From the windows and broad verandas she flung the flags of many nations. She welcomed the world as befitted a state whose building has never been closed night or day since the opening of the exposition. And her sons came in thousands.

The festivities commenced with a band concert and continued until away into the hours of night listening to speeches and music, holding receptions, dancing, and finally winding up the programme in a brilliant display of fireworks. A lot of the prominent men and women of the state were there, and when Director-General Davis assured them Michigan deserved credit for having done fully as much if not just a little more than almost any other commonwealth outside of Illinois to get the exposition

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MICHIGAN BUILDING.

for Chicago, they manifested their appreciation of the compliment in a modest exhibition of pride.

The Michigan building, which is one of the largest and finest state buildings on the grounds, was decorated inside and out in gala attire. Flags in profusion hung from the ledges and windows, and long lines of little streamers extending from the top Their love for their children and families make the clock tower to the all sides fluttered cheerfully in the breeze. President Palmer was the lion of the day. He for these involve the happiness of our homes. told the hundreds of friends who I say when women come to vote univercrowded around him and who said they sally, because we must not expect that all were proud of him it was a good thing to be born, a good thing to look upon the sun, a good thing to be one among Improper taxation and extravagant expenkind neighbors, a good thing to be a citizen of a community, of a town or city, of a state, of a nation; but it is better and than all of these to be a man, and if upon life. The educational qualifications imone is a man he is certain to recognize the obligations all these conditions imply. Then the people cheered him to the echo and ex-Gov. Alger said something nice about his Detroit neighbor.

Just as I. M. Weston, chairman of the board, was about to open the exercises Mr. Palmer stepped upon the stage and taxes in Michigan, in 1892, to the amount of invited the throng to join him in singing "America." He led off with-

My country, 'tis of thee. As he struck the tune the band started in to help him along. But the crowd | boasted held back. It wanted to hear President Palmer sing the old song. And he sang the first verse as it never was sung before and probably never will be

As the exercises at the building began a bevy of young ladies rang the big Liberty Bell. They were:

Estelle Champlin and Grace Granley, of Grand Rapids: Gertrude Welch and Marion Wells, of West Bay City; Louisa Flynn, Eva Willitts and Miss Hanley, of Detroit: Marian Burt, of Saginaw; Annabell Wood, of Port Huron; Lea Beach, of Flint: Edith Rossman and Grace Rossman, of Bay City; and Lucinda Lee, of Ypsilanti.

The rope with which they rang it was cut up subsequently into small bits and distributed as souvenirs.

With a few congratulatory remarks Chairman Weston introduced Gov. Rich, who, told the people of Michigan what their state had done to represent its resources, industries and general interests at the exposition, and was happy to say that the showing made is one which they need have no reason to be ashamed of.

President Palmer followed Gov. Rich as the principal speaker of the occasion. In part he said:

We speak of state pride and resent any im putation on our state's good name. It is a goody sentiment and it is well to come together at times to recite our advantages, blessings and chievements, and may hap consider our defects In doing so to-day I am not going to tell you what we produce or what wealth we have. I am going to talk to you about men and women who have come and gone and whose works have made our lives richer. Before the present century much of the picturesque and tragic history of our country had been enacted on our borders and along the shores of our state. Her settlement has been continuous fo years, under three flags with five changes thereof, from Cadillac to Cass, involving a history teeming with chivalric deeds bloody massacres, relentless warfare, commer cial thrift and enterprise, religious sacrifices and the zeal of propagandism which have given immortality to such names as Galinee. Dollier, Marquette, Raymbault, Jogues, Dablon, Men-Allouez, La Salle, Henrotin and confreres. Detroit under French English rule was the depot for from which emanated those sanguinary orders which marked the frontier with blood and the atrocities of savage warfare. Here culminated and failed the conspiracy of Pontiac. Here Tecumseh held his young men prior to the bat-tle of the River Thames, where he laid down his

life tighting for his race.

Among the localities of exceptional historic interest we may recall Sault Ste. Marie as the first permanent settlement by Pere Marquette:

St. Joseph, the military base of La Salle's exploration: Mackinac, formerly Michilimachinac, first taken by the Indians of Pontiac's conspiracy and subsequently by tiac's conspiracy and subsequently by

the British in 1812. Detroit, with its mutations of fortune, and Monroe, near the scene of one of the most atrocious incidents of border warfare—the massacre of the river Raisin-where 200 of the flower of Kentucky's youth were tomahawked by savages after having surrendered to and been left unprotected by the infamous Proctor. Twenty years afterward Michigan returned the bones of these heroes with appropriate honors, to their native soil Since the close of the war no armed foe has ever set foot in our boundaries (the Toledo war was in Ohio), but our heroic sons have sustained the nation's flag with honor upon every field where it has been assailed, from the Rio Grande to the Rosebud and from Bull Run to

Gen Anthony Wayne, the hero of Stony Point, took possession of the northwest territory about 1796 at Detroit. At that time, to the end that his soldiers might have something to do, he constructed a road to Pon tiae, presumably on an old Indian trail. The line of this road, since vacated, can be plainly traced through the Log Cabin farm just outside the city limits of Detroit. The race which left their traces in the copper mines of Lake Superior have left us no other record of whence they came and whither they have gone. We only know that they were and are not Whether we in turn shall share their fate and leave no written record matters little; it may be a fertile subject for speculation, but of little profit. We are here and the immediate future concerns us, leaving to our successors their future in turn.

In much of this our state has had a part. But what has been the effect of these material accomplishments upon her people? Have they become thereby more enlightened and more inspiring? Have they acquired a better idea of their relative rights and duties? Have they become more tolerant of others and more exacting with themselves? Have they become more helpful to the weak and more couageous against the strong? Have they come to love justice and mercy and to hate injustice and cruelty? If they have not, then all these advantages had better have been withheld. If wealth, either concentrated or diffused, does not lead to a higher life, then it were better that we should have remained poor.

We have a great university whose fame has reached to the uttermost bounds of the earth and whose methods are far advanced. It is open to all comers and to both sexes. The special lines of study may selected and each mental appetite be gratified. We have ten lesser colleges, whose existence I used to think superfluous, but subsequent observation has convinced me that they have much value, not only in the in struction they give, but in the elevating influence they have upon the surrounding country.

One practical step which must have a great influence on our future is the granting by our legislature last winter of the right, too long withheld, of suffrage to women, although in a restricted form. My opinion is that we shall never enter upon the highest plane of politics until women shall bring their keen moral sense, their truer intuitions, their regard for the economies of life to our aid. Women are the true economists. them so. When they come to vote universally morally and the liquor evil which blasts so many homes will be scotched, if not extirpated, women will vote at first, for, as yet, it is not fashionable. It is looked upon as an innovation, but time and taxation will cure all that diture of public moneys will mean the withdrawal of comforts and necessaries for the children and advantages for the boys girls getting ready for entrance posed upon them is not fair or manly, but its ultimate effect will be, in my opinion, beneficent, for the same restrictions will be imposed upon men. To show the absurdity of withholding from women the right to vote I refer you to a large tablet on the wall within this building which has been provided by the foresight of our commission, and I want here to thank them for it. This tablet shows that women paid \$2,052,750; that the assessed valuation of their property is \$134,506,179; that the women taxpayers number 76,419; that women pay 11.9 per cent, or nearly 12 per cent of all the taxes in the state. Where has been our motto for "Taxation Without Representation years: Is Tyranny" In this connection I desire to compliment the state commission, one and all, for the zeal, intelligence and industry which, with an insufficiennt appropriation, have pro-

duced such creditable results. Men, women and children of Michigan-citizens of no mean state—this is your day and mine. In this culmination of an epoch of human progress never approached in the of the race among these surroundings without shame or fear of comparison. The state of Cass, Houghton, Tappan, Chandler, Watson, Howard and Custer, dead, and many equally broad, bright and courageous living, may well stand in the line of the final dress parade of the nineteenth century and challenge inspection. If a peninsula is sought fertile in honor, morals, loyalty, material resources, education, and all the forces that make for human betterment let

them look around our state. Although we may not have contributed di rectly to this triumph of genius, this creation which would be fairylike if it were not so colossal, the results of our energy, our enterprise, our industry, thrown with those of others into the alembic of the great city which created it, were contributed to make it possible. It is ours in a higher sense than if we had reared these palaces of art The Acanthus leaf will disappear from the capitol, the colonnade will vanish. These multitudes will fade away, but this dream of beauty, crystalized for a moment and withdrawn before time shall mutilate its fair proportions, will be photographed upon our souls and shall there remain in eternal youth to be transmit ted in stories by the winter's fireside to our children and our children's children.

Ex-Gov. Begole said he had promised his wife not to make an example of something, however, about Ohio stealit now. It got the upper peninsula in the deal. Ex-Gov. Alger, Thomas W. Ferry, Director-General Davis, J. J. made brief addresses, in which they garb. There is no clew to the murpraised the fair and praised the derer. state for the noble work of its people in helping to make the ex-Detroit but now residing in Engletrain dispatcher of the slavery days' underground railroad.

At 2 o'clock a concert was given at the Michigan building by the Gottschalk lyric school and at 4 o'clock Gov. Rich held a reception.

one of the most enjoyable of the many was killed.

social events of the season. There were fireworks.

#### Second Day.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15 .- Michigan's second day at the fair yesterday saw just as many visitors as did the first. The state building was packed to the very top and the verandas were filled all day. On the day before the formalities were held, and yesterday, their second and last day of celebration at the exposition, was given up entirely to informal social festivities. One or two formalities had been arranged for the day, but they were declared off on account of Ohio's celebration.

"We are such close neighbors of Ohio at the fair," explained Mrs. J. A. Hond, a member of the Michigan state board, that it would not be courteous for us to celebrate at the same time it celebrated. We always want to do the courteous thing, so we gave up the formalities for to-day."

The Wolverines enjoyed the infor malities. They sauntered through their building, sat on the porches and in the hallways, chatted, laughed and congratulated each other on the success of their state days. Gov. Rich was present all the morning and added greatly to the pleasant social affair. It had been announced that he would review a parade of Midway people, but this feature was abandoned. The Ohio parade was set for the same hour, and had they both occurred confusion might have resulted.

At 2 o'clock a concert was given in the Michigan building, and was enjoyed by a very large crowd. The participants were Mrs. Minnie Nichols, soprano, and Mrs. J. G. Steketee, Miss Bessie Walker and Miss Myrtie Watson, pianists, of Grand Rapids. C. N. Colwell, of the same place, directed the affair.

The programme contained seven features, and each piece was well rendered and elicited much applause. Mrs. Nichols sang three selections, with as many encores; Mrs. Steketee and Miss Watson gave a piano duet, Miss Walker gave two piano solos, and Mrs. Steketee gave one piano solo, with the orchestra score arranged for the second

After the concert the people amused themselves in a quiet way until 8 o'clock, when a dance was the order of the evening. It was styled an informal reception, and was gotten up by Mrs. Pond. It was intended particularly for the young people, and invitations were sent to the other state boards, inviting the young ladies and gentlemen of each board's household, together with the friends they wished to bring. The number of responses to such invitation was a generous one, and the reception will be classed among the many successes scored by Michigan this week. The reception-room on the second floor was prepared for dancing, and the young folks kept things lively until a late

With this informal reception closed Michigan's celebration at the fair. In all probability several formal affairs of a social nature will be given in the state building before the close of the exposition. In the meantime Michigan always keeps open house, and its building is open to the public and brightly illuminated until 11 o'clock every night.

# CHARGED WITH PATRICIDE.

Confession of an Accomplice Involves Wash Boyer in a Brutal Murder.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 14.-In November, 1891, David Boyer, a wealthy and influential citizen of Cooke county, disappeared, and his son circulated the story that he had sold him his farm and had gone west. The deed which Wash, the son, had to the farm proved to be a forgery, and he, with Rufus Holt, an accomplice, was recently convicted of forgery. Wednesday a confession by Holt was made public. He says that Wash Bover knocked his father down and beat him to death. He then carried the body to a cave near by, threw it in, and, afterward, to ward off suspicion, threw several dead sheep in on top of it. Young Boyer is now in jail and this new evi dence may cause him to be hanged.

# AWFUL MURDER AT DETROIT

Head and Face of the Victim Hacked and Battered Almost Beyond Recognition.

DETROIT, Sept. 14.-A horrible murder was committed some time Tuesday night at the dock at the foot of Randolph street. The head and face of the victim are hacked and battered almost beyond recognition. The body was discovered on top of himself by trying to speak. He said pile of stone. Although it had rained hard during the night traces of the ing a strip off of Michigan, with which | bloody crime were everywhere. A big to establish its western reserve, but he pool of blood lay near the head and didn't think the state cared much about | the surrounding stones were spattered with bloodstains. Pieces of clotted hair adhered to a block of stone, as if the unfortunate's head had been Woodman, George H. Barbour, Fred jammed against it to make his death Douglass and Gen. A. T. McReynolds sure. The man was dressed in sailor

# Capt. Lennon Exonerated.

The coroner's jury in Detroit brought position a grand success. Mrs. Annet in a verdict of justifiable homicide and Laura Haviland, formerly a resident of exonerating Capt. Lennon, of the schooner Reuben Doud, of the charg wood, was introduced as the surviving of manslaughter. Lennon shot and killed Michael O'Brien, walking delegate of the Seamen's union, while the latter was leading an assault on the nonunion crew of the Reuben Doud.

John Wierzleicki, a South Chicago Last night the commissioners and lady managers gave a ball, which was lady managers gave a ball, which was

# MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Death of Ex-Lieut. Gov. Crosby. Ex-Lieut. Gov. Moreaus Crosby, of Grand Rapids, died in Boston, where he had gone for his health. Mr. Crosby was a prominent business man, and was for years vice president and director of the Grand Rapids savings bank and largely interested in flour milling. He was a stanch temperance republican in politics, and held the offices of member of the state board of education, member of the board of correction and charities, and was elected

#### Grand Rapids Factories Resume.

lieutenant governor in 1872.

There has been a marked improvement in the furniture trade in Grand Rapids. Orders are coming in so freely that it is predicted that within a few days all the local factories will be in operation again. Stickley Brothers and resumed with full forces, and the Widdicomb company began working three days a week. Several furniture factories have also resumed work.

#### A Heavy Failure.

Heavy losses in collapsed world's fair hotels and inability to secure payments from others not collapsed forced Nelson, Matter & Co., one of the oldest furniture houses in Grand Rapids, to give chattel mortgages aggregating \$179,382.74. The amount of unsecured indebtedness will foot up about \$200,-000, making the company's total liabilities about \$400,000. The assets will probably exceed that sum.

#### Endanger Missionaries' Lives.

The Methodist conference in session at Grand Rapids adopted a resolution asking for a repeal of the Geary law on the ground that it would endanger the lives of the 125 Methodist missionaries in China. The bishop was directed to appoint a commission of nine members to meet with a similar commission from the Detroit conference and arrange a plan for the creation of a new conference.

#### Flames at Bay City.

The sawmill and salt block of Eddy, Avery & Eddy at Bay City was destroyed by fire of unknown origin. The property had been inspected by a watchman half an hour before the the signal "cease firing" was disflames were discovered. The lumber played on the flagship, and the rebel docks were saved. The mill was burned | fleet withdrew. There were a few in 1866, rebuilt in 1873 and had a casualities among the government capacity of 28,000,000 feet. Loss, \$100,-000; insurance, \$55,000.

## State Board of Health.

From various portions of the state the reports of sixty-three observers for the week ended September 9 show that cholera infantum, inflammation of the bowels and influenza decreased in area of prevalence. Scarlet fever was 1eported at thirty-eight places, measles at four, diphtheria at thirty-one and typhoid fever at thirty-six.

# Burned to Death with His Money.

Charles Allen, one of the oldest residents of Gladwin county, residing on a farm two and a half miles from Gladwin City, was burned to death. The house took fire and the old man got out safely, but returned for the purpose of saving some money, about \$1,000, secreted in the house.

# Held for a Double Murder.

The coroner's inquest in the murder of John Salo and Iwar Perralla, who were killed at the Dover mine near Houghton, returned a verdict that deceased came by their death at the hands of Patrick O'Brien and David Whear, of Osceola township, with Frank E. Lovejoy and Joseph Simmons as accessories.

# Short But Newsy Items.

It is understood at Northville that the Ely dowel factory, which was burned recently, will be rebuilt immediately with brick and on a larger scale than the former building.

Odd fellows throughout the state are making preparations to attend the big demonstration in Chicago September 25, 26 and 27.

The 8-year-old daughter of John Hoffman, of West Bay City, died with diphtheria. This was the fourth child they had lost within a year with the

same disease. The game laws were being violated by Italians at Iron Mountain, who were catching fish in the brooks and streams in that vicinity with seines.

Capt. John Oades, the oldest shipbuilder on the lakes, died in Detroit. He was 79 years old and born in Eng-

The executive committee of the State Liquor Dealers Protective association met at Kalamazoo and adopted a ritual and by-laws governing local insurance associations.

One of the inhabitants of Raisinville has embarked in a new business. He will raise bullfrogs for the New York

An Acme township musician who played a horn in a charivari band a few nights ago has been called upon by a justice of the peace to pay a fine of \$15.

The fourteenth annual fair of the Capac Agricultural society will be held in that village October 4-6.

George Kruse, an old resident of Decatur, was crushed to death by being caught under a falling log.

Between seven and eight carloads of hay are shipped daily from Genesee-

A sugar famine throughout the state is causing great inconvenience to housewives who are just in the midst of their canting operations.

## BOMBARDED.

Brazilian Insurgents Turn Their Gons Upon the City of Rio Janeiro-A Woman Reported Killed-Monarchy May Be Re-

Washington, Sept. 15. - Secretary Gresham has received the following cable from Minister Thompson at Rio: "At 11 o'clock a. m. the revolutionary forces bombarded the forts commanding the entrance to the harbor; also the arsenal on the wharf in the center of the city. A few shells were fired into the city and a woman was killed in her residence. Commercial telegrams have again been forbidden. The Charleston has not yet arrived."

The dispatch practically disposes of the hopes of the navy department that the cruiser Charleston has reached Rio and it is now believed that she went direct to Montevideo without touching at any Brazilian port.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., Sept. 15 .the Grand Ledge Chair company have The United States cruiser Detroit, after adjusting compasses, at 7:30 a. m. sailed for Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, under orders to protect American interests.

> London, Sept. 15 .- Advices received here say that Admiral Mello, commanding the rebel Brazilian fleet, carried out his threat to bombard the forts guarding the bay of Rio de Janeiro. The rebel warships, including the cruisers Aquidaban, Republica and Arajano, took up positions before the forts shortly before 9 o'clock Wednesday morning, and a little after that hour the signal to fire was set and was promptly obeyed. The first gun was fired from the flagship of the fleet, and its detonation had scarcely died away before the shot was answered from the fort at which it was directed. The firing then became general and the noise was deafening. From all the advices at hand, however, it appears that little damage was done either to the forts or to the warships. The four 20-ton breechloading guns of the Aquidaban did tnot appear to be well handled, and many of their balls went wide of their marks. Equally poor marksmanship was displayed by the gunners in the forts. Considerable excitement prevailed in the city during the continuance of the actual hostilities. About 3 p. m., or after the bombardment had lasted six hours, troops. The loss to the rebels or the damage to the steamships is unknown. Aside from the bombardment the situation at Rio de Janeiro remains unchanged.

BUENOS AYRES, Sept. 15 .- The guns of the hostile ships were turned on the city of Rio Janeiro again on Thursday but the result was the same as that of Wednesday's attack. There was much enthusiasm manifested by Peixoto's forces, who still remain loyal to him. The warship Tiradentes, which still remains loyal, has put to sea. It is expected it will meet the armed merchant steamer Itacoa, which was to aid the rebel fleet. If the two vessels meet a desperate fight at sea is inevitable. The loyal ship Bahia has been ordered back from Panama, as the upper river squadron remains loyal. All of the news in this dispatch emanates from government sources. The students in San Pablo have declared against President Peixoto.

Brazilians living in Buenos Ayres believe the success of the revolution means the restoration of the monarchy. The British telegraph offices are situated near the arsenal, and the staff of operators, fearing the building would be shelled, abandoned their posts. It has been for this reason impossible to get details of the bombardment.

All the foreign ships in the harbor remain neutral and have decided not to interfere in the revolution. An effort was made to send a message to Rio, but the government refused to allow its transmission beyond Porto Alegre. Nothing unfavorable to Peixoto is allowed to pass over the wires.

A message sent from President Peixoto to the Brazilian minister here says it is expected the rebel ships will surrender in a few days. The Brazilian residents here, however, doubt this. Surprise is expressed here that the foreign fleet in the harbor would permit the bombardment of the city. From other sources it is learned the city is

# CUT HIM TO PIECES.

Horrible Murder of an American Rancher and His Son by Mexicans.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Sept. 15 .- A horrible double murder occurred on the Van Horn ranch near Del Rio, Tex., last Wednesday. A band of twelve Mexican outlaws visited the ranch, on which lived an American and little son. Having overpowhis ered the man and plundered the house of everything of value, and failing to find any money, they bound the ranchman and threatened to take his life if he did not tell them where he had his money concealed. He told them he had none. Then they cut off one of his arms above the elbow with a hatchet. They commanded him again to reveal the whereabouts of his hidden wealth, but he could not convince them that he had none, so they cut off his other arm and cut his body in a score of places. Then they split his head with the hatchet, seized the boy, cut his throat from ear to ear and rode off, leaving the bodies to be devoured by vultures and covotes. The rangers have captured two of the vil-

# We Shall Continue

OUR

# SPECIAL SALE

#### TWO WEEKS LONGER.

So take advantage at once.

Copper Wash Boilers, \$2.50. Copper Tea kettles, 99 cents. Copper Bottom Wash Boilers, \$1.25. Copper Bottom Tea-kettles, 69 cents. Mrs. Potts' Nickel Plated Sad Irons, 99c per set. Steel Spades and Shovels, 43 cents.

In fact we have bargains in all departments.

HOAG & HOLMES.

# OUR New Meat Market IS A STUNNER

Our great success is due to being able to furnish everything First. Class, and to fill every order precisely.

Our Meats are all of the Most Delicious Cuts, and a Popular Prices. All kinds of Sausages a Specialty. Try our salt pork and corned beef, none nicer, also dried beef and hams, our make.

EPPLER & BARTH.

# New Crockery and Glassware



I have just received a new lot of Crockery and Glassware; and have at present a more complete line than ever before, consisting of:

Dinner Sets Water Sets Fine China Pieces

Chamber Sets Berry Sets Lamps

Plant Jars, Etc.

Dishes sold by full set or by single piece. Nice perfect Mason Fruit Sunday. Jars just received.

Fancy and Staple Groceries. Always on hand.

# GEO. BLAICH.

# MICHIGAN

May be years behind in road Improvements, but

# R. A. Snyder

Is not a day behind with his stock of shoes

# For Fall.

The Ladies are invited to call and see the greatest bargain in a shoe ever offered in Chelsea, for

**\$1.50.** 

# THE NEW

# GALE PLOW

Needs No Words of Praise,

As the reputation it has gained in all soils, under every condition, has made it a World winner. We sell all sizes.

We offer bargains on everything in our store. Grain Drills and Spring Tooth Harrows at Prices to Close Out. Try our Tinware, all Our Own Make.

W. J. KNAPP.

# PEOPLE TALK

They talk about us because we sell Fine Goods Cheap.

# **WE ACKNOWLEDGE**

That we have one of the largest and finest stocks of Jewelry in Chelsea. That is another reason why they they talk. These are facts.

#### A. WINANS. L. &

Repairing nearly and promptly done. When in need Pontiac, where she will visit her sister, of anything to our line give us a call.

## Chelsea and Vicinity.

Mrs. Byron Parks is dangerously ill. Everybody, almost, is complaining of

at Howell.

Mrs. Harry Bossoh is on the sick list with bilious fever.

Dr. W. H. Schmidt was an Ann Arbor visitor last Tuesday.

Mr O. W. Riebel, of Toledo, O., was Chelsea visitor last week.

Wm. Schatz and sister, Miss Sophia, spent Monday in Dexter.

Dogs have commenced to bother the sheep again in this county.

T. VanRiper, who spent the past summer in Dakota, has returned home. Mrs D Dudley, of Dexter, is the gues

of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Shaver. Mr. and Mrs. John Cook are spending this week with Ypsilanti friends.

P. J. Lehman is having an addition built on the north side of his house.

V. D. Hindelang, of Columbus, Ohio, was the guest of his father this week.

Mrs. Irene Fenner is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. Everett, of this place. Wm. Yocum put down the stone walk in front of the Schenk block this week

Elmer Hammond was the guest of his parents here the fore part of this week. Chas Letts and son, of Detroit, called

on Chelsea friends the first of the week. Chelsea at all times of the year furnishes market for everything a farmer raises.

Messrs. Robinson and Nissley, of Ann Arbor, were Chelsea visitors last Friday. Mrs. Jas. Wolfer, of Detroit, is the guest

of Mr. and Mrs. John Schenk this week. Mrs. Jacob Stabler and Mrs. Martin Manz were Ann Arbor visitors last week Congressman Gorman left for Washington last Sunday, after visiting the World's Fair.

Squirrel are quite plenty in this vicinity. Frank Shaver bagged fifteen one day last

Miss Mattie Palmer, of Dexter, was the guest of Miss Ella Barber the first of the week.

F. G. Schleicher, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with Jacob Schumacher, and family.

Mr. John Keusch, of Clinton, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Chris. Klein last

J. H. Hollis, of Manchester, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Freeman last Sunday. Mr J. H. Draper, of Fowlerville, was

the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. G. McCarter Rev. F. M. White, of Dexter, was the

guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Wurster, Miss Kittie Livermore, of Unadilla, was

the guest of Miss Nettie Wilkinson last Saturday.

Born, Sunday, Sept. 17, 1893, to Mr. and Mrs. Howard Conk, of West Middle

Thos. Irwin, tailor, of Jackson, has moved into Edward Moore's house or Railroad street.

Fred Everett, of Seattle, is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jay. Everett, of Summitt street.

Mrs. Geo. Davis, of Summitt street, was the guest of friends and relatives in Grass

Lake last week. Mrs. Jos. Schatz is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Libbie Hayes, of Grass

Lake, this week. Miss Barbara Doll, of Detroit, spent Sunday here with her parents, Mr. and

Mrs. Henry Doll. Mrs. C. H. Kempf and daughter, Miss

Myrta, of Orchard street, left Tuesday night for Chicago. Miss Ida Klein, who spent the past

summer with relatives at Clinton, returned home last Sunday.

Mrs. H. H. Fenn was the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. J. Foster, af Grass Lake, a few days this week.

Mrs. M. H. Fyler, of Minneapolis, Minn., is visiting her brothers, Jas. and Geo. Richards, of this place.

Dr. and Mrs. R. S. Armstrong, of South street, spent Sunday in Ann Arbor with Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Sawyer.

of Grass Lake, were the guests of Jas. Hudler and family last week.

The Chelsea Dramatic Company will produce the "Ticket of Leave Man" at the Town Hall in the near future.

Miss Josephine Costello, of Dexter, spent unday with her friend, Miss Agnes McKune, of South Main street.

Mrs. M. Ormsby, who is quite ill.

Master Earle Steward, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of Miss Minnie Schumacher, of South Main street, last Sunday.

A. M. Yocum, of Manchester, spent Sunday here with his parents, Mr. and H. H. Fenn spent Sunday with relatives Mrs. Wm. Yocum, of South street.

Mrs. W. G. Dancer and Mrs. H. Hoag are the guests of relatives and friends in Jackson and Stockbridge this week.

Miss May Wood, of Harrison street, and Miss Mae Wood, of Jefferson street, were Ann Arbor visitors last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Freer, who have been visiting relatives in Chicago for the past three weeks, have returned home.

Wm. Schatz, who has been in Toledo for the past two years, running a barber shop, has sold out and returned home. Mrs. W. W. Yerby, of Leslie, was

entertained by Miss Katie Hooker, of East Middle street, the first of the week. Mrs. Jacob Steger, of Toledo, Ohio, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. Steger, of

Miss Kittie Drew, who has been spending the summer with her aunt, Mrs. Martin Howe, returned to her home in Detroit last

South Main street, a few days the past

Prof. Gus. Warren, who has been playing at the different theaters in the east the past summer, has returned home for a short visit.

Saturday.

Members of the Dexter and Chelsea B. Y. P. U. went to Lyndon Tuesday evening and organized a B. Y. P. U. at that place.

Geo. H. Whittington, and the Misse Jessie Merrill and Ora Perry, of Lima spent Saturday and Sunday in Ann Arbor with friends.

S. O. Hadley, of Lyndon, is having the foundation laid for a new barn, to replace the one recently destroyed by fire. It will be 36x70 feet. Mr. and Mrs. John Wolver. of Munith,

were entertained by their daughter, Mrs. John Schenk, of West Middle street, a few 23 boxes matches, (300 to box) for 25c. days this week. The remains of Miss Bridget Greening Lamp wicks 1c per yard.

Sept. 11th and interred in St. Joseph's No. 2 lamp chimneys 5c each. cemetery, Dexter. Mrs. E. E. Smith, John Geddes and family, A. E. Winans and family and Mrs

H. A. Smith spent Sunday with Mrs. A Yocum at Stockbridge. Geo. Foren, formerly of this village, but now of Detroit, is ill with typhoid fever

His mother, Mrs. M. M. Foren, was in

Detroit last week caring for him. Died. Monday, Sept. 18, 1893, the infan daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Adam Eppler. The funeral took place from the house,

Tuesday afternoon, Rev. C. Haag officiating Miss Mary Shaw, who has been spending some time here with friends and relatives, returned to her home in Ypsilanti last Monday, where she will attend the Normal this winter.

Talk for Chelsea, take the stranger by the hand and invite him to locate here. Don't look crosseyed at an individual just because you have not known him twenty years or more.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Emrick, of Waterford Ont., spent a few days of this week with Mr. Emrick's aunt, Mrs. D. C., Maroney, of Railroad street. They are enroute for the World's Fair.

At the last session of the Grand Lodge, O. G. T., it was decided to unite Washtenaw and Jackson districts. The next meeting of these two districts will be a union one in this village for organization.

The bean department of Jas. P. Wood & Co's warehouse was opened up for business Tuesday morning with about fifteen young ladies at the sorting tables. The market price is about \$1.15 per

Mrs. Rose Rielly, mother of Rev. Dr. Rielly, of Detroit, and Mr. Luke Reilly, of Lyndon, died at New London, Wis., Monday Sept. 4, 1893. Mrs. Rielly formerly lived here and was well known to the older residents of Lyndon and vicinity. She was an estimable woman and greatly beloved for her many admirable qualities.

Among those who accompanied the Evening News excursion to Chicago last Tuesday were: Mr. and Mrs. S. Hirth Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Sears, Mr. and Mrs. P. Fletcher, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Wessel, M. J. Hudler and Miss Carrie Hudler, Mr and Mrs. E. Hammond, and Messrs. L. H. Wood, Alton Fletcher, Edward Hammond Chas. Miller, Elmer Hammond and H. Lighthall.

Mrs. Maragret Keelan, an old and ing till I used "Adironda." Now I sleep respected resident, of Chelsea, died after a soundly and awake refreshed, and I can long illness on Friday Sept. 15, 1893. She heartily recommend it. as about 80 years of age. Her funeral was held from St. Mary's church on MEDICINE Co., Cedar Springs, Mich. Sunday, Sept. 17th at 8 p. m., and was Mrs. Fred Gilbert left Tuesday for largely attended, Rev. Father Considine gists, Chelsea, Mich. officiating. The remains were laid away to rest in Mt. Olivet Cemetery, Chelsea.

# PAY

We have been talking a great deal in our advertisements about trading at the Bank Drug Store, always asserting that it was

# Your

# Interests

\$5.0

\$4.00 \$3.50

\$2.50 \$2.25

12.00

ye want a fi s, don't pay s shee. They s as well. If y by purchasis stamped on L. DOUGI

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To do so. We don't expect you to take our bare word for this. but have prepared the following price list as positive evidence that

# It Pays to Trade Glazier's Store.

All Patent Medicines 1-4 off. Choice Lemons 25c per dozen. 4 pounds V. & C. crackers for 25c. 2 packages Yeast Foam for 5c. Full cream cheese 121/2c per pound. Fine extracted honey 88c per quart. Best Alaska Salmon 14c per can. Tea dust 121/c per pound. Good Raisins 8c per pound. Gloss Starch 6c per pound. Arm and Hammer Saleratus 6c per lb. Best Nudavene Flakes 8 lbs for 25c. All laundry soaps 6 bars for 25c Best kerosine oil 9c per gallon. were taken from the vault on Monday, No. 1 lamp chimneys 3c each. Best Lantern Globes 5c each. Choice Coffee 19c per pound. Fine Herring 20c per box. 3 cans best Pumpkin for 25c. Mixed and stick candy 10c per pound. Fine perfumes 35c per ounce. Clothes pins 6 dozen for 5c. Codfish in bricks 8c per pound. Best Baking Powder 20c per pound. Choice Rice 5c per pound. Fine N. O. Molasses for 25c per gal. Extra Japan tea 80c per pound. 9 sticks best chlcory for 10c. Choice Mustard 15c per jug.

3 cakes elegant toilet soap for 20c. Fine syrup 28c per gallon. Axle grease 5c per box. 25 pounds sulphur for \$1.

Banner smoking tobacco 16c per pound. Presto fine cut tobacco 28c per pound. Good plug tobacco 25c per pound, Best Sardines 5c per box. Rising sun stove polish 5c per package.

Purest Spices that can be bought. Fine toothpicks 5c per package. Pure Cider Vinegar 18c per gallon. Sweet Cuba tobacco 38c per pound.

# Wheeler's Nerve

-Positively Cures-

HEART DISEASE, NERVOUS PROSTRATION,

Sleeplessness and all derangements of the Nervous System.

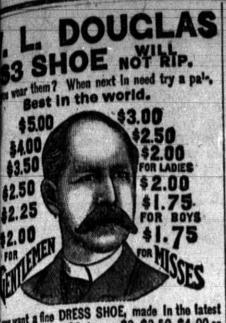
# UNEXCELLED FOR IN

A Blessed Boon for Tired Mothers and Restless Babies. Purely Vegetable, Guaranteed free:

from opiates, 100 full sized doses 50c. Rev. R. N. Middleton, pastor M. E. church, Cedar Springs, Mich., says: Sleep and rest were Strangers to me after preach-

Prepared by WHEELER and FULLER Sold by R. S. Armstrong & Co., Drug-

Subscribe for the HERALD. \$1.00.



want a fine DRESS SHOE, made In the tatest n't pay \$6 to \$8, try my \$3, \$3.50, \$4.00 or the They fit equal to custom made and look and swell. If you wish to economize in your footwear, by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and stamped on the bottom, look for it when you buy. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.

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# LEXANDRA HOTEL

4133 Cottage Grove Ave., N. E. Cor. Bowen. his hotel is headquarters for Michigan e at the World's Fair, being owned by ndle & Evans, of the Jackson Gas Co. his is a six-story and basement brick and

ebuilding, having 120 large, airy rooms. h room has an outside window and perfect ilation. It is modern in every particular, rble entrance and wainscoting, tile floors, dwood finish, steam heat, electric light, elevator, 18 bath rooms, hot and cold The furniture is new and of good

It is convenient to Cottage Grove Cable, I. C. R., L. S. & M. S. and Michigan Central allways and Elevated Railroad, all of which th the Fair Grounds and the business er. The locality is one of the best in the Drexel Boulevard, one-half block east, the finest street in Chicago.

Chelsea visitors will receive courteous treat at at the hotel. Mr. A. Steger and other sea people have stopped there who stand ady to vouch for superior accommodation at

late \$1.00 per day European plan. 3 restaur sin connection with hotel where meals may

ections for reaching alexandra hotel from business center take Cottage Grove eat Wabash Avenue, get off at Bowen

from fair ground take Cottage Grove cable 7th street entrance, get off at Bowen

from M. C. R. B. or I. C. R. R. get off at 39th et station, walk five blocks to Contage e and Bowen Avenues.

WHITEHEAD, LORD & CO., Excursion Agents' Managers, Chicago.



GEO. E. DAVIS, Everybodys -:

:- Auctioneer.

Headquarters at HERALDOFFICE



CASH

I am now showing new fall goods in all lines. and shall sell of Stockbridge were married Sept. 13, 1893. them at the lowest cash prices. No goods charged. All one price and at 10 to 15 per cent lower than ever before.

## DRESS GOODS.

10 pieces Novelty, 35c goods, for 25c per yard

12 pieces fine Serge, 59c goods, for 48c per yard

7 pieces fine Serge, 90c goods, for 73c per yard

15 pieces fine Flannels, 50c goods, for 39c per yard

10 pieces fine Velvets, \$1.39 goods, for 99c per yard

260 yards cold Silks, 85c goods, for 72c per yard

## FLANNELS.

8 pieces fancy Eiderdown, Worth 35c, for 19c per yd

6 pieces fancy wool Eiderdown. Worth 85c, for 65c per yd

5 pieces plain wool Eiderdown.

Worth 60c, for 44c per yd

pieces red wool Flannel,

Worth 33c, for 25c per yd 3 pieces red wool Flannel,

Worth 50c, for 39c per yd

# UNDERWEAR.

l case ladies' Jersey,

59c goods, at 44c case ladies' wool Jersey,

\$1.25 goods, at 93c

15 doz. Children's Jersey,

49c goods, at 36c

# DOMESTICS.

20 pieces Shirting,

12½c goods, for 10c per yd 10 pieces cotton flannel,

121c goods, for 9c per yd

10 pieces Crash, 11c goods, for 8c per yd

15 pieces Brilliants,

18c goods, for 12½c per yd

# NOTIONS.

worth \$1.00, at 89c Ball's corsets, Warner's corsets, worth \$1.00, at 890 Favorite waists, worth \$1.00, at 89c worth \$1.00, at 89c Kid gloves, worth 8c, at 50 Pins, worth 5c, at 4c Thread, Coats,

# CURTAINS.

15 pair Turcomans, Worth \$7.00, for \$4.99 per pair

In fact do not buy have seen our prices Assyrian. Jupiter's orbit has been deteras we are bound to be the Cheapest.

Respectfully,

# GEO. H. KEMPF,

Cash Dry Goods House. Highest Market Price for Butter & Eggs season than when trade is lively.

## Additional Local.

Apple dryers are opening up but apples

Jas, L. Gilbert was a Jackson visitor las Wednesday.

The Manchester Enterprise is twentyix years old. Chelsea merchants are opening up their

fall stock of goods. L. T. Freeman and J. H. Hollis spent

Fuesday at Stockbridge. It is a hard job to get a pocket-bool ull when money is tight.

Tip. Wallace, of Ann Arbor, called of Chelsea friends last Wednesday.

Messrs, J. Curlett and J. Lee, of Dexter, were Chelsea visitors last Monday.

Mrs. F. M. Hooker and Miss Katie wer n Detroit last Tuesday on business. Mrs. M. Long was the guest of friends

in Ann Arbor the first of the week. Earle Slocum, of Grass Lake, was the

guest of friends in Chelsea last Sunday. Edward Pickell, of Detroit, was the guest of J. Schenk and family this week. Mr. Lute Ives and Miss Libbie Bott, both

Miss Annie Sackett, of Dexter, is visit-

Mrs. D. McIntyre, of Howell, visited Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Herrick, of Sharon,

Messrs. Lewis and Will Stocking, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday visiting friends. in this vicinity.

B. F. Tuttle, of Wolf Lake, now occupies his residence on West Middle street, this village.

Michael Kalmbach has lost nearly 20 of his sheep. They refuse to eat and finally die. The cause is unknown.

The last county teachers examination for the year will be held in the Ypsilanti high school, Friday, September 29.

The ladies of the Baptist society will give a pumpkin pie social, Tuesday evening Sept. 26, 1893, at the residence of Hiram Lighthall.

In the far west a man advertised for a woman "to wash, iron, and milk one or

It is said there are lots of ducks in the various lakes in Jackson county, but they are so wild that nothing short of a Krupp gun will reach them

A special meeting of Olive Chapter, O. E. S. will be held Wednesday evening, Sept. 27, for the purpose of conferring degrees. A full attendance is desired.

M. D. Bailey, Receiving Teller Grand Rapids, Mich. Savings Bank, says he cannot say too much in favor of "Adironda," Wheeler's Heart and Nerve Cure. Sold R. S. Armstrong & Co.

Several persons have of late laid stress on the point that ministers work Sundays for pay. Clergymen can easily ward off further attacks of this sort by preaching free and raising rates on the midweek prayer meeting.

place in the upper Peninsula last Friday at which time three men beld up a train and secured \$75,000 from the express car. The passengers were not disturbed.

On June 30, 1892, there were 317 G. A. R. Posts in this state with a membership 387 Posts with a membership of 19,417. It will be noticed that in one year the number of Posts increased while the number of members decreased.

The new tax on inheritances has gone into effect in this state, and executors and administrators of estates should read up on it. On lineal heirs the tax on inheritances of over \$5,000 will be one per cent. For other heirs the tax on legacies of \$500 or over will be five per cent-Argus

The apple crop, a few years since one of tne leading products of the farm, has dwindled to insignificant proportions, says formerly estimated their revenue from apples by the hundreds of dollars, now think themselves happy if their pickings are sufficient for their own tables.

The lord of the planetary system, Jupiter may now be seen at night about in conjunction with the constellation of the Pleiades or "seven sisters," says the Jackson Star. This is an astronomical

people know it and more so in the dull

The Centennial Anniversary of the laying of the cornerstone of the capitol at Washington was celebrated in that city last Monday. One hundred years ago to the day, Washington, the first president of the Time table taking effect Aug. 27th 1893. republic, as grand master of the free and accepted order of Masons, wearing an apron and sash woven by the wife of Lafayette, laid the foundation stone of the great marble pile that is the admiration of the

Washtenaw county fared well at the National Encampment K. O. T. M., held at Grand Rapids last week. P. J. Lehman of this village, was appointed a member of the committee of appeals, grievances and petitioners. E F. Johnson, of Ann Arbor. was appointed a member of the committee on rules Sid W. Millard, of Ann Arbor, was elected Sargent. Miss Emma Bower, of the Ann Arbor Democrat, was elected Great Record Keeper of the L. O. T. M.

Now there has been invented a new bicycle to be propelled by steam generated from oil or gasoline. It will be a light affair and the rider can enjoy the ride, the scenery, and the breezes without the exertion now required and without danger of the disease which is now said to be the result from this pastime. It is to be hoped that the new machine will be non-explosive ing her sister, Mrs. Harry Bossoh this It would be an unpleasant thing to see the streets strewn with sectional bicyclists too much scattered to be successfully rearranged In the interest of public safety the wheelmen should be positively forbidden to blow themselves up.

The picnic given by St. Mary's church, Pinckney, was a decided success, notwithstanding that the day was so unfavorable An elegant dinner was spread, and greatly enjoyed by all present. The literary exercises were really splendid. The singing by the church choir was fine, and Miss Nellie Gardner distinguished herself by the rendition of some beautiful songs, Representative Barkworth made an admirable address, one of the best we ever heard. Rev. Father Goldrick made a speech, fairly bubbling over with wit and humor, and crowned the excellent entertainment with a very comic song, which sent away the audience in the best of spirits. \$125 00 were realized.

Chemists turn scrap-iron into ink, old two cows." What does he want his cows bones into lucifer matches, the shavings of the blacksmith's shop into Prussian blue, fusel oil into oil of apples and pears, the drainings of cow-houses into fashionable perfumery, beggars' rags into new pilotcoats, cesspool filth into ammonia, and tar-waste into aniline dyes and saccharine. In Paris they first utilize rats to clear the flesh from the bones of carcasses, then kill the rats, use up their fur for trimmings, their skin for gloves, their thigh-bones for tooth-picks, and their tendons and bones for gelatine wrappers. These are a few of the things Iron Industrial Gazette names among the products converted into use by the chemist and inventor.

The following are the jurors drawn for the October term of court, who are summoned to be attendance October 3. Ann Arbor city, A. V. Robinson. John Widemeyer, Patrick Irwin, Michael Seery Newton Felch, Fred Barker; Ann Arbor One of the most daring robberies that town, Alanson B. Cole; Augusta, J. S. has ever been known in Michigan, took Childs; Bridgewater, Peter S. Knight; Dexter, Henry Doody; Freedom, William Beurerle; Lima, John H. Wade; Lodi, William Deuble; Lyndon, Delancy Cooper Manchester, Henry Herman; Northfield, John Gore; Pittsfield, Emanuel Koch; Salem, P. H. Murray; Saline, J. A. Alber; of 20,441. On June 30, 1893, there were Scio, Jerry Lawton; Sharon, Gottlieb Roller; Superior, Charles Naury, Christopher Ableson; Sylvan, Loren Babcock, Godfrey Grau; Webster, Levi Lee; York, Frank Guy; Ypsilanti town, John Crane; Ypsilanti city, H. B. Dellar, Millard

We clip the following from the Columbian Commercial, and as Dr. Powell is well-known here, having been in partnership with Dr. Palmer for a time, it will interest a number of our readers: For once the doctors did agree, and the result was-a beautiful wedding. The doctors above mentioned were Albert E. Powell, the Ann Arbor Courier. Farmers that M. D. and Miss Nettie E. Bainbridge, M. D., the popular and accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Bainbridge, of Columbia City, Ind. The officiating minister was Dr J. M. Driver, of the First M. E. church, who spoke the fateful words that consummated the world-without-end bargain at high noon. Dr. Powell is a young and rising physician of Marion, Ind., who gives great promise of distinction in his chosen profession. The bride, who Dry Goods until you event looked for since the days of the is also a thorough and very successful physician, was born and reared in Columbia City and has enjoyed every advantage that In these times when money seems a little the best of parents, who are well-to do, scarce and living expenses are an item that | could bestow. She has won an enviable we have to keep track of more closely than popularity among all classes, and her ever, it is a pretty good plan to study the departure is sincerely regretted. She has advertisements as it is generally known been the foremost Sunday school and that if a merchant has anything good in Epworth League worker, and in every the bargain line, he is anxious to let the department of church work has been most faithful and exicient. Only members of the family and relatives were present.

# MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passengers Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Grand Rapids Express........ 6.38 P. M Chicago Night Express ...... 9.40 P. M

Detroit Night Express..... 5.44 A. M Grand Rapids Express......10.22 A. M. Mail...... 3.52 P. M

# Stops only to let off passengers.

WM. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.

O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.



· Operative Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advic given free. Special attention given to

children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

# Dr. K. GREINER.

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours-10 to 12 a. m. and to 4 p. m.

Office in the Sherry building, Chelsea, Mich.

# PALMER & TWITCHELL.

PHYSICIANS

SURGEONS

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:-Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear. Office Hours:-- 10 to 12 and

# McCOLGAN,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.\*

Office and residence west side South Main street, second door from South St. Office hours, 3 to 6 p. m.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

# ENTISTR Y

Dr. C. S. CHADWICK A Graduate of the U. of M., will be in Chelsea every Monday and Tuesday to practice dentistry. I am prepared to do ll kinds of work in my profession with skill and dispatch. Prices reasonable. Office over Glazier's store.

# The Parlor Barber Shop, Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to busiess is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

# FRANK SHAVER.

· Proprietor of the

CITY I BARBER I SHOP \$ Kempf Bros. old bank building. MICHIGAN,

BAUMGARDNER'S

Marble & Granite Works. American and Imported Granite and Marble.

All Kinds of Building Stone.

A SPECIALTY. Estimates Cheerfully Fur-

nished. All Work Gnaranteed.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

ANN ARBOR, MICH. Shop corner of Detroit and Catherine Streets.

emmina.

Sub cribe for the Chelsea Herald.

# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA,

: MICHIGAN

GEN. CASSUS M. CLAY, of Kentucky, will be eighty-three years old in October. He says he has never indulged much in stimulants, and has never habitually used spirits, coffee or tea. Tobacco he has always eschewed. He has always taken nine hours of sleep, and in these later years permits himself even more.

SENATOR PERKINS, of California, made his way upward from penury to riches in the early days of the gold craze. His first situation was as a porter in an Oroville store at \$2 a week. When he had made a fortune he sent for his old employer, who had met with misfortune, and gave him a place in his office at \$175 a month.

AMERICANS are said to have the poorest teeth of any people in the world. It is said the more brain work a person has the worse his teeth become. The same result is attained by lack of proper nourishment, and it is said by a well known dentist that fifty years hence, among the very poor classes, everyone will be toothless at the age of twenty.

THE state of Minnesota is in a predicament. It has four hundred convicts on its hands, and has no work for them to do. The board of prison managers met at Stillwater to find that not a single bid had been received for the convict labor from October 1, 1893, to October 1, 1895. No such state of things ever before existed since the state was organized.

A DRAFT indicator has been invented which is intended to be placed at either or both ends of a vessel, for the purpose of showing at a glance to the officer of the deck how much water his vessel is drawing. It may also be set at any desired point, so that when a certain draft is reached a signal bell is automatically sounded and continues to ring until stopped.

Dr. Marshall D. Ewell, an expert microscopist of Chicago, has contributed to the American Law Register a metric study of two thousand check signatures. He finds that no one ever writes his name twice in exactly the same space or exactly the same way, and lays it down as a general principle that if two signatures coincide perfectly one must be a forgery.

In Paris the demand for horseflesh is greatly on the increase. There are over 150 butchers in the French capital who deal in it alone. Twenty thousand horses were eaten by the Parisians last year-not by the poor only, though its cheapness is a strong inducement to the working and labor classes-but by many people fairly well off. The price is about half that of mutton or beef.

In the hope of being able to dispense with waiters a woman has invented a table which will wait on itself. The table is round, with a space ten inches wide for the plates, cups, etc. Inside this circle there is a revolving disk, raised about two inches, upon which the food is placed. By turning it in any direction you may have the bread, butter, olives or cream, without asking or waiting for them.

In 1880 the sparrow had occupied only about 15,600 square miles of territory in this country. Within the next five years it spread over 458,000 square miles in addition. At present it infests the whole of the eastern half of the United States, and in the west it is found wherever there are settlements. The bird is a parasite on man, and nowhere in the world is it known to thrive far away from human haunts.

THERE were comical as well as exasperating features of the late Chicago bread riots. One man marching in the blood-or-bread procession had a \$120 gold watch nipped; another rioter, who claimed to be starving, was arrested and on being searched was found to have three dollars, which would buy not less than sixty loaves of bread. Another starveling, an Italian woman demanding bread, had her pocket picked of \$700.

THE Cornelius Vanderbilt and Collis P. Huntington mansions, now nearing completion on upper Fifth avenue, New York, will be rivals in costliness and magnificence of equipment. Art galleries and conservatories, guests' chambers and ball rooms, costing fortunes, will be features of the Vanderbilt and Huntington and other palatial private residences now building. A single ceiling in Mr. Vanderbilt's new palace, painted by a French artist, cost

Binds have very acute vision, perhaps the most acute of any creature, and the sense is almost more widely diffused over the retina than is the case with man; consequently a bird can see side-wise as well as objects in front of it. A bird sees—showing great uneasiness in consequence—a hawk long before it is visible to man. So, too, fowls and pigeons find minute scraps of food, distinguishing them from what appear to us exactly similar pieces of earth or

AWFUL LOSS OF LIFE.

Scores Drowned by Terrible Floods in Spanish Province.

MADRID, Sept. 16.-The town of Villa-Canas, in the province of Toledo, has been devastated by floods and a large number of lives have been lost. Heavy rains have fallen in the province, and the town, which is situated on low ground, was inundated. The people had no thought of danger, though the many small streams in the vicinity of the town were rapidly swelling and threatening to overflow their banks.

Late Thursday night, when most of the inhabitants had retired, a cloudburst swept down on the town swelling the river and carrying away almost everything in its path. Huge trees that had been torn bodily from the ground were hurled with frightful violence against the houses. The trees acted as battering rams and carried houses before them. So sudden was the catastrophe that the affrighted people had no chance of saving themselves.

Men and women, awakened from sound sleep by the tottering of their dwellings, frantically rushed to the windows and leaped out, only to be ingulfed in the water that was rushing by the fallen houses. Other houses that escaped being demolished by the floating debris were rapidly undermined by the waters and in many cases collapsed before their occupants could leave them. The masses of wreckage going down on the flood in some instances afforded a means of escape to persons who would otherwise have been drowned. Many men, women and children, clutching in the darkness for anything that would support them, reach.

The town is a wreck. It is positively known that forty persons were drowned. The bodies of many others are buried under the ruins of their homes. It is thought that the government will have to extend aid to the town. The people are so stricken by the disaster that they display no concern over the loss of their relatives or property and assistance will have to be given them until they recover from the

In one of the villages only eight out of sixty-four people are known to have escaped the floods. Some small villages and groups of houses have been entirely washed away from the face of the earth, houses crumbled like pasteboard before the rushing waters and those who in boats or on rafts sought safety from the deluge were either drowned or crushed to death by the huge trees and pieces of timber which were carried like straw upon the strained waters.

## PLENTY OF MONEY.

Steady Improvement in the Situation Shown by Dun's Weekly Review of Trade-The Stringency About Ended, More Mills Resume Work and Fewer Failures Are Reported.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.-R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

Returns from every part of the country show decided improvement. Hopeful feeling has prevailed. Money grows abundant at speculative centers and somewhat easier for commercial purposes. Weekly failures have declined about half in number and more in amount of liabili The number of establishments reported as resuming work, thirty-one wholly and twenty-six in part, still exceeds the number closing, thirty-three the last week besides ten reducing force, so that the number of hands employed has somewhat increased. The number of unemployed is still very large.

"Industrial improvement is largely in cotton and otherwise appears scarcely more satisfactory than last week. About two-thirds of the Fall river mills are operating, but at a reduction of 10 to 13 per cent. in wages. Of the establisements resuming eleven are engaged, in the manufacture of knit goods. Of the woolen mills ten stopped wholly and six in part, while woolen and two carpet mills resumed. Several shoe factories have started up in part. Shipments from Boston for the week

show a decrease of 40 per cent. "In all, eighteen reported metal works have started up in part, and six wholly, while thirteen have stopped and fourteen have reduced hands or wages. Sales of gray forge for \$7 at Birmingham and of steel billets for \$19.50 at Pittsburgh support the statement that resump tion of work in many cases is at the expense of a great sacrifice in price. But in this industry business revives more vigorously at the west

than at the east. "The liabilities of firms failing have greatly diminished, for they were over \$102,794,314 in only two months, July and August, whereas the largest aggregate ever known for any three months during the last sixteen years was less than 490,000,000. But for the first week in Sep tember nearly complete returns show liabilities amounting to only \$5,118,685 for the week against an average exceeding \$11,000,000 week ly in the two previous months. The failures reported this week have been in the United States 314, against 321 for the previous week nd 154 last year, and in Canada 27, against 28

# AGAINST THE CHINESE.

Dennis Kearney Again at the Front of Movement on the Coast.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 15 .- A meeting under the auspices of an organization known as the Anti-Chinese Law and Order league was held in Metropolitan hall Thursday, night and was attended by a large number of persons. It was the first public demonstration against the Chinese which has been had in this city for a long time. The principal addresses were made by Dr. C. C. O'Donnell, Dennis Kearney and several other well-known local anti-Chinese agitators. Some of the speeches were intemperate, nd were devoted to a denunciation of President Cleveland. Several resoluions were adopted, among them, one demanding the impeachment of the president. A memorial to congress demanding an appropriation of sufficient funds to inforce the Geary law, and protesting against an extension of time for the registration of Chinese, was also adopted.

#### THE CHEROKEE STRIP.

It Is Finally Opened to Settlement-Rush of the Thousands for the Coveted Claims -Many Killed and Injured-The Lands Said to Be a Disappointment and Boomers Are Already Returning Disgusted.

ARKANSAS CITY, Kan., Sept. 18 .-- The mystery which through so many long years of anxious waiting shrouded the real character of the Cherokee strip, the gauzy veil through which expectant homeseekers thought they saw a Canaan, has been swept away. The Cherokee strip is now a reality, and very grim reality at that. There is no Canaan about it, either. It was a promised land, but it has not kept its promise. It may do so a year from now, but at present the strip is about the most uninviting quarter on the face of the earth. Water is obtainable in only a few places. Food is so scarce that a loaf of bread costs fifty cents and a pound of smoked ham is worth one dollar. The weather is suffocating and another hot wind is blowing from the south that would parch all vegetation if there was any to parch. At noon Saturday the signal was

given announcing the passing of the title of the land from the United States government to the boomers, and a race such as was never witnessed before and will probably never be seen again was begun. On the lines in the vicinity of the various border towns the boomers had gathered in great numbers. As far as the eye could reach in either direction could be seen men mounted and in wagons and on foot closely packed together, making a solid column 200 feet or more wide in the middle and tapering away to a mere streak of black in the distance. The scene when the grasped the trees and anything in column broke at the firing of the signal gun and each individual entered the contest for a common prize can be imagined better than described. Confusion reigned everwhere. So closely were the contestants packed together that the start was a hazardous one. Horsemen were unseated, wagons overthrown and pedestrians prostrated in the mad rush. The cries of angered men mingled with the neighing of panic-stricken horses, the shouts of the racers, the clattering of hoofs, the rattling of wagons and the shricking of locomotives combined in a roar similar to that accompanying the progress of a tornado.

In the race many men were injured and some killed. Of the latter some met death by accident and two were murdered. The dead bodies, one stabbed and the other shot through the head, tell the manner of death. Many dead horses have been found on the prairie. Some died of overexertion, some were killed by falling in the race and others receiving broken limbs in the rough prairie were shot by their owners. The names of some of the victims are as follows:

Mrs. Charles T. Barnes, of Eldorado, Kan., run over and killed; William Browning, of Texas, fatally crushed under his horse; Carl Byers, of Atchison, Kan., thrown from his horse and killed; Harvey Cheney killed by riding over a bluff; Mrs. Sarah Hughes fatally crushed while getting on a train: Harry Matthews killed by riding over a bluff.

Near Blackbear, northeast of here, the dead body of James Reardon, of Milford, Mass., was found on the prairie after the rush. He had been stabbed to death, and the weapon with which the crime had been committed was found sticking in his breast. Further north the dead body of W. D. Blake posed to be from Gainesville, Tex., was ound. He had been shot through the heart. It is not known whether he was murdered or shot by accident. The dead body of Madeline Granger, of Terre Haute, Ind., was also found on the pratrie. There were no marks of violence upon her body and it is believed she died from natural causes

Mrs. Sallie Freeman, of Louisville, Ky., leg broken; George Gillett, foot crushed by train; Thomas McBride, of Oklahoma City, skull crushed by a stake in a quarrel over a lot; Henry Pointer, of Ohio, skull crushed by falling from his horse; Jesse Strong, cut in head and face in a quarrel over a pony: John Wheatley, shot in the leg by accidental discharge of his own pistol. Many riderless horses are coming in and it is feared other persons are badly

Unfortunate occurrences were the shooting down of "sooners" near Stillwater, O. T., and Arkansas City, Kan.

Judge Wollack, special agent of the land office, has advices showing the number of people who made the run into the Cherokee strip far exceeds all expectations. The land office had counted on 50,000 to make the run. Fully 100,000 started in the race, and estimating the families of the married men at one to each certificate bearer, the Cherokee strip has a population of 200,000. The advices to Judge Wolfach show the racers were divided about as follows among the border towns: Arkansas City, 30,000; Orlando, 25,000; Caldwell, 15,000; Hennessy, 10,000; Stillwater. 10,000; Kiowa, 3,000; Hunnewell, 3,000; other points, 4,000.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 18.-Over 1,000 ex-boomers passed through Kansas City Sunday en route to their homes in all parts of the country from the Cherokee strip. A more tired disgusted lot of men were never seen together. They had gone to the opening unprepared for such a tremendous rush as occurred and were mainly those who had depended on the trains to take them into the strip, but the trains were distanced by the horsemen and wheelmen and empted and every town lot gone.

#### BANDITS IN MICHIGAN.

Four Masked Men "Hold Up" a Train Near Hancock-They Rifle the Express Messenger's Safe of \$75,000, But Do Not Molest the Passengers-Escape of the Thieves.

Houghton, Mich., Sept. 16 .- The express car of the Mineral Range passenger train which left Hancock at o'clock Friday morning for Calumet was "held up" and robbed by bandits a half-mile from Boston station about half an hour later. The robbers secured \$75,000 in cash, money intended for the employes of the Calumet & Hecla copper mine, for whom to-day was pay-day. The money was drawn Friday morning from the First national bank of Houghton and the Superior savings bank of Hancock The express car was in charge of D. W. Hogan and there was no special guard. That there were train robbers daring enough to make a raid in broad da light apparently never entered the minds either of the officials of the company or of the trainmen. The train was going at the usual

speed and was within half a mile of the little station called Boston, 5 miles from here, when a man stepped into the middle of the track and flagged the train. The engineer quickly applied the brakes, no thought of train robbers entering his mind. The man disappeared behind the station house and as the train stopped two women passengers got off. At that moment a masked man jumped on the locomotive and pointed a revolver at Engineer Schuler and ordered him to stop. The engineer thought be was fooling or was a lunatic, but the gun went off, the ball whizzing past Schuler's ear. The fellow pushed the engineer into the corner of the cab and grabbed the air-brake lever to keep the engine moving slowly. He opened the throttle slightly, showing perfect familiarity in handling an engine. Fireman Sutherland jumped out of the cab window and was met by another robber, who came from in front of the engine and fired at him, ordering him back on the engine on pain of instant

Two more robbers had in the meantime got upon the front end of the express car and with a sledge smashed in the car door.

They ordered the express messenger to put the contents of his safe in a bag which one of the robbers carried. The messenger immediately complied and handed out some \$75,000 consigned to the Calumet & Hecla mine. After securing the booty the robbers

fired a volley, and the one who was guarding the engineer and fireman ordered the former to "go ahead, quick," He did. The affair was a complete surprise and the passengers knew nothing about the robbery some little time. The express messenger and the train crew acted as though paralyzed with fear, and their cowardly conduct is already subjecting them to considerable criticism. The train was crowded with men, and as people up in this section of the country are a determined lot, as a class, the robbers might have been defeated in their purpose if warning had been given.

Among the passengers on the robbed train was a messenger from the First national bank at Hancock, who had in his possession \$40,000 for one of the banks at Red Jacket. No one knew he had the money, which was carried in a hand bag, until his excited actions gave him away.

The authorities at Hancock and Calumet were notified of the robbery as soon as the train could be pulled into the town and pursuing parties were hastily organized. It was two or three hours, however, before really formidable posses could be put on the trail, a sufficient time to enable the robbers to get a great start.

The place selected for the outrage was a short distance from this town, at a wild spot. Indeed, the whole country hereabouts is wild and broken, and they could not have found a place that was not adapted by nature for a robbery. The men were only in sight a few minutes after they started away from the scene of their crime and no trace of them has since been found.

The Calumet & Hecla Mining company is the richest copper mining corporation in the world. It is owned principally in Boston by Prof. Agassiz and others, though Jay Hubbell, Gen. Alger and other Michigan millionaires are heavy stockholders. It has paid \$35,-000,000 in dividends and yields a revenue of \$4,600,000 to \$5,000,000 a year. It can stand the loss of \$75,000 about as well as any company in the world. It is also in a position to spend as much as any other company to run down and punish the robbers, and will doubtless be free-handed in that regard, as future protection demands that crime of that sort be made very unpopular.

Jack King, the great Cornish wrestler; John Kehoe, a sport, and Jack Challew, were seen driving very fast into town about 10 o'clock and persons near the they got to the heart of the promised Boston station saw a horse correspondland only to find every claim pre- ing in color to theirs tied up near the station. These men and a man named ORLANDO, O. T., Sept. 18.—Thousands Gorman were thereupon arrested of persons who left their homes in and the clew against them seems to be Business is improving at all points. Oklahoma to seek new homes in the a very strong one. The prisoners were Cherokee strip are returning. They put under \$10,000 bonds, in default of easier. In the south merchants, farm thought they were in hard look in which the thought they were in hard luck in Which they were placed in jail. They Oklahoma, but are now convinced their will have a hearing at 2 o'clock to-day. condition was paradise compared to A man named Butler from Marquette what it would be in the new strip, was also arrested Friday evening and Some say they would not take a claim, will have his examination with the others to-day.

ECKELS FULL OF HOPE

The Comptroller Becomes the Guest Chicago Bankers at a Banquet Makes a Speech in Which He Ans Some Critics and Gives a Rosy View the Situation.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—The bankers Chicago sat at the festal board Thur day night and listened to speeches congratulation that the serious pani had wasted its fary and was rapidly ebbing into quietude and confidence The occasion was a banquet given by the bankers of Chicago to James I Eckles, comptroller of the currency, the Grand Pacific hotel. Forty-two the leading financiers of the work were present.

Lyman J. Gage, president of the Pin national bank of this city, presided In introducing Comptroller Eckels Mr. Gage said, among other things:

"Let us congratulate ourselves that we have found rest after the storm of panic has past away. After this trying season we are mein rejoice that the trouble is over. We may express our sense of gratitude to the people at kept their confidence in us and retained the confidence that enabled us to emerge from the troubious season. Everywhere, from capitali to laborer, there will soon be that activity the indicates revived prosperity." The guest of the evening was greeted

with applause as he arose to speak His remarks, in substance, follow; He referred to the attitude of the Units States senate on the repeal of the Sherman act. and declared that "the senate of the Unite States will yield to the coercive force of punit opinion, which is the only force that should be recognized in this free country."

He criticised those who had blamed the bank ers for the stringency and said that the critic were "people who were seeking votes or public office." Continuing, Comptroller Eckels said:

"Throughout the trying times since under taking the duties of the comptroller's office I have known and felt that in each effort put forth to maintain the credit of the banks an make more sure the financial stability of the country I have had your hearty cooperation and sincere support. Under the heavy burdens of great expenditures made necessary by the evolution of your marvelous fair, which is indeed the world's, you have yet maintained such financial standing as not alone has drawn to you the admiration of the people here and elsewhere, but has been of inestimable value in preventing widespread disasters.

"It cannot but be a source of congratulation that this gathering is under other and different circumstances. The disasters recently threat ening, happily for us all, have passed away No longer banks are suspending and factories closing; but instead reopenings are the order of the day, and whirring spindles and smoking forges are furnishing labor for the army of the unemployed.' Affrighted depositors, realizing that they have done themselves an injustice, and feeling that the thousands of without cause doubted are yet as solvent as in the years of their implicit confidence in them. are returning their money, that it may no longer lie in wasteful idleness, but, again entering he channels of trade, give life to deadened industries. On every hand is evidence of a bettered condition, so marked that he who runs may read.' If there yet be, here and there, some 'doubting Thomas,' let him but know that the mills of New England are once more being put in operation, the fires in the furnaces of Pennsylvania relighted and the factories throughout the country becoming the hives of busy industry-and even he must no longer doubt

"The paralysis of fear which so insidiously came upon the people is surely leaving them It yielded to a degree when the president called in extra session congress to repeal the culminating cause—the Sherman silver act The advance has been marvelous since the heroic treatment accorded it in the house of representatives, and the recovery will be complete when the senate, under the correct force of public opinion, confirms the action of the house.

The comptroller referred to the criticism passed by many on the hopeful opinions emanating from his office during the months of de pression. These opinions, he said, were born neither of failure on his part to appreciate the gravity of the situation, nor the blindness of youthful enthusiasm. He continued:

"From January 1 to August 15 154 national their doors, but more than 380 remained unshaken. Surely the percentage closed ones was not sufficiently large make the most despondent believe the system was falling. Was there not cause for encouraging opinions when it was found that almost 100 of that number were absolutely solvent and would reopen for business? Should the prompt resumption of sixty-one national banks, stronger than at their closing, and the knowledge that more than hill that number were preparing to do the same, lead to any other opinion than that the lookoutmust be brightening? Should the reports of deposits largely in excess of withdrawals at each reopened bank, and returning confidence in each community where located, be a source of de pression instead of an inspiration to hope! I could not have spoken other than I did and maintained the truth. I could not have believed under the circumstances as we now find them, and have maintained my faith in the stability and energies of the American people. The citizen who throughout these anxious days has pictured ruin to bank and factory and store is unacquainted with the resources of his country as they stand to-day. and fails in his appreciation of the abilities of our people.

These memorable months ought to be fruit ful in lessons to our people. It cannot but end to better considered financial laws on the part of our national legislators No experimental legislation will again be under taken. The experience through which we have passed has been so costly that no party, no matter how strongly en trenched in power, will from this on ever ab tempt to juggle with the business interests of the country for the sake of political advantage The laws regulating the monetary system will hereafter be the laws which govern the world's trade, and, being such, must make our people rich beyond compare."

#### BRIGHT BUSINESS OUTLOOK. Western and Southern Bankers and

chants Say the Depression Is Ended NEW YORK, Sept. 15,-The World prints dispatches from nearly 1,000 cities and towns in the west and south giving the views of bankers and business men on the business the panic is a thing of the past and the outlook is most cheerful. factories are starting up and money is ers and bankers say the cotton crop is much heavier than was expected and there is plenty of money to move it. Collections are reported easier, and generally speaking there is an end to the financial gloom.

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the Discussion in the United

on the 9th Mr. Teller (rep., Col.) spoke on repeal bill. He began by referring to the ing" which the senate was receiving on the newspaper press of the country. Senars he said, were ordered, as if they had masin hot haste that which in the judgment got a majority at least a very respectable inority of the senators would be a very dis-trous thing to do. Not only had senators en told that they must vote at once but it had es asserted over and over again that senators o represented states fortunate enough to be ed with mineral wealth were representing er individual interests and had not even the ht to vote on the question.

Mr. Teller then quoted from New York ers as to the alleged pressure which the ministration was to exert on the house and mate for the passage of the repeal bill. He ad a dispatch from the Washington correspondent of the New York American stating that a negotiations for the surrender of the silver morrats in the senate were at an end, that eadministration insisted on unconditional nder; that Senator Vest was now the griest man against the administration that sold be found in the country and had threat-

Mr. Teller yielded to Mr. Vest (dem., Mo.), ho said: "If there is any ultimatum coming on the president it is not known to myself or to any of my associates. However much emay differ from the president none of us ever come to the degrading conclusion all ever come to the degrading conclusion at he will send a message to United States nators seeking to control their action. As to hat is stated in regard to my action about deritis simply and unconditionally false, and eproduct of newspaper imagination incited newspaper rivalry.'

Mr. Teller then made some sarcastic lusions to what "purported to be a telegram om the president of the United States to a ember of congress congratulating him and sassociates on the passage of the repeal bill the house of representatives." The peaker wanted to know, (in well-feigned stonishment) if anybody could tell him the president of the United tags was guilty of that gross breach of the decency? Why, of course it was a newssperyarn and a newspaper falsehood. The procure legislation, having carried it on his summer home at Buzzard's sent his thanks-we are told ay, sent his thanks—we are told 10 Mr. Wilson and his associates. Incompreasible! Impossible! What further need do m require of the mendacity of the press,"

Mr. Teller then addressed himself to the herman act, alleging that under it for over no years the country had been prosperous ad that its only influence had been beneficial. Before the conclusion of Mr. Teller's remarks e senate adjourned.

On the 11th Mr. Pugh (dem., Ala.) spoke in position to the repeal bill. He said it was be determined and unalterable purpose of the poments of repeal to stand upon their conpublic duty and fidelity to their edges to the people whom they represented, nd who had honored; hem with their confiince on the vital question, until their physical trength was exhausted.

Mr. Teller (rep., Col.) resumed his speech int the repeal bill. He asserted, and he besunt the repeal bill. He asserted, and he be-ered it could be demonstrated, that if it had ot been for a preconcerted effort in the the lst of September would have ten better times in the finances of the unity than the people were experiencing toay. The calling of congress did not relieve he country; in fact, the condition became erse from the time congress was called in exordinary session. Mr. Teller said he would isome other time give to the senate his coneption of the cause for the recent distressed ition. In his opinion it was due to legisla-

Mr. Teller next directed himself to stock opstions. A New York paper had published ally for some time the depreciation in value of the Sherman law, as the paper said. he paper had finally got the amount to \$700,000,000. In his opinion a great may stocks were selling on the market oday for more than they were worth. He ted Northern Pacific, which he said had len from 70 to 17. It was said all the great hers connected with it unloaded when it was That company had \$250,000,000 of inedness; \$75,000,000 held in Germany: great amount owned in Holland and and He then instanced Eric stock. did not suppose anybody pretended at Erie would ever pay out. He next derred to Reading. Did any intelligent man elieve that any of those three great concerns ere solvent? Did not everybody know they treinsolvent? This disturbance did not come om the Sherman law. It came from the misuct of officials. Mr. Teller said edd not mean to say criminal misconduct, at that they did not deal fairly with their instors. It behooved congress, he said, when tame to legislate upon this subject, to find accuse of the evil, and, if within its power, remove the evil.

Mr. Teller then yielded to a motion to go into utive session, saying that he had reached a at where he could quit for the present and

would take up another branch of the subject On the 12th Mr. Mitchell (rep., Ore.) spoke in position to the repeal bill. He said that the amental problem to be solved was: "Are to become a nation of monometallists, and 0. whether gold or silver monometallists?" denied that the Sherman act had been the se of the panic. The causes leading up il were in part world wide and their ign not in this country, but in specute dealings between London bankers and b people of South America, which resulted ugh the Argentine bankruptcies and the of securities) in bringing ruin to the doors the Harings and other moneyed institutions. he same causes—overtrading and land specuon - brought bankruptey to Australia. lese great and unexpected shocks to the siness world caused a sudden hoarding not the of gold, but of gold, silver and paper: a aeral calling in of loans on the bankers, a refusal not only make new loans, but to extend old ed the panic, whose storm center had ed from South America, Australia and cerent its fury in the United States, and the

while general distrust seized upon bry financial community. These were of the causes which, in his judgment, in-European countries, and which so recently rman act had no more, in his judg-at to do with it than had the man in the or the recent fan-tailed comet. The fear larif revision and of the inauguration of a trade policy had also had much to with the panic. The trouble was in a measure started by the banks. New fork bankers nudged the chamber of commerce the city of New York and the metropolitan The chamber of commerce, in turn, gave be cue to boards of trade and chambers of a number of target to boards of trade and chambers of target throughout the country. The how tarted in perfect unison—all inspired across he seas—and finally the thing got away from hem, proved a boomerang, and the banks suffered along with the rest. Mr. Mitchell devoted one time to showing that it would be impossible to secure international bimetallism.

Mr. Hawiey (rep., Conn.) declared himself or the pending bill first, last and always. The pending bill first, last and always. There was one general statement which had the fit, and that was that there was somebody the believed in the total destruction of half

of the currency of the world. It was a terrible misstatement. Everybody knew that silver had been used these thousands of years with gold Every body knew that, although Great Britain was the champion monometallist nation, the people of that country carried more silver money in their pockets than the people of the United States did. All senators expected to continue the average amount of silver money. In reply to a question by Mr. Mitchell Mr. Hawley said he thought legislation in regard to silver neces sary in order to carry out the views advanced by him, but now he wanted the Sherman law

Mr. Telier (rep., Col.) said he knew what senators who talk about being bimetallists mean. They have never taken a single step leading to bimetallism, and they never will. This is a fight for the preservation of silver as money among the nations of the earth, and there is not a man in this chamber who does not know it. Follow Great Britain if you want to. My allegiance is to our own people-to the people of my section and to the people of the country at large. I will devote my time to their interests, and no labor, no sacrifice, no contumely that can be put upon me will "phase" me in my opposition to this damnable

Mr. Hawley replied to Mr. Teller by saying that if after two or three or four months it should appear that repeal of the Sherman law was going to desolate the west and the east it would be quite competent for congress to modify its action, and it would be very likely to

On the 13th Mr. Shoup (rep., Idaho) spoke against the unconditional repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law. To repeal the Sherman act would be to remove the United States from the head of the nations which produced the precious metals; it would be to contract the currency to such an extent that the government would be compelled to issue flat money; it would be to set back the progress of the western states and ruin thousands of workmen. He would oppose with all the vigor of which he was capable the repeal of the Sherman law until some better substitute was adopted.

Mr. Dolph (rep. Ore.) retterated some statements to the effect that the business disturbances were due to the threats of hostile tariff legislation, and proceeded to argue against the free coinage of silver and vigorously criticised these senators from the silver states who had attempted to make this question a sectional

On the 14th Mr. Daniel (dem., Va.) made an argument against the repeal bill. He said he brought to the discussion of the subject profound sympathy with every class of his fellowcitizens who had been smitten with an evil financial dispensation. It would be unwise to say the Sherman law produced the panic. The date of its incipiency cannot be traced to any act of local legislation. It began in South America, where there is no Sherman law. It swept over Great Britain, a gold standard country, where there is no Sherman law. The panic swept on to Australia, where the people are the richest people in the world per capita, where there is no Sherman law. The panic got to Austria, Italy and India, and is now going all ver Europe, without the dreaded presence of the Sherman law.

The republican party is delighted to attribute the panic to the Sherman law in order to escape its responsibility to the tariff. The McKinley bill sought the sheltering arms of the Sherman law. The gold monometallists are delighted to hide behind it the work of their own hands. The bankers are interested in seeing the Sherman act repealed so that new bonds may be issued on which they can base currency. l am often asked why I oppose the repeal of

the Sherman law now, after having opposed its passage in 1890. My answer is this: "Is there a man who, having a patched coat, would throw it away in the dead of winter before he has got a new one?" Do the supporters of the repeal bill propose to restere the conditions existing at the time of its passage? O, no. The Bland-Allison act-a democratic measure-was repealed by the Sherman law, but the repeal of the Sherman law will not restore the Bland-

The democratic platform does say: "Repeal the Sherman law," but it also says: "Repeal the McKinley law." But would senators repeal the tariff law and leave the treasury without revenue? Would they repeal the Sherman law and leave the country without silver money? I do not doubt the repeal of the Sherman law would have some beneficial effects in many directions. It would give some immediate ease to business and transactions partly through the hurral which would be made. Commerce would revive, but the revival would be tempo-

If the declaration in the Voorhees substitute were changed into legislative provision (as suggested by Mr. Walthall last week) I would vote for it, and the Sherman law would be repealed without another hour of debate. What, is international conference wanted to settle the silver question? The American senate is the place to settle it.

As to the president, I supported him loyally in three eampaigns and expect in many a day of battle yet to bear his colors and defend his cause. I shall not pay him the tribute of a courtier and flatterer who would say: "Behold a brave and honest man who has convictions." But I will show him an American senator had also his convictions and is brave and honest enough to be true to them. Not for a class, but for all the people; not for a section, but for the union; not for a special interest, but for the

whole do I feel. On the 15th Mr. Lindsay (dem., Ky.) spoke in support of the repeal bill. He called attention to the fact that the bill contains not a word looking to the discontinuance of silver coinage under existing laws, and that it leaves unimpaired the provisions of the act of 1890 for the coinage of silver in the future. He characterized as most extraordinary the position taken that we sught not, bad as the law is, to repeal it until it is known what further legislation in the interest of silver the president will propose. To the common mind it would seem that the best thing to do with a bad law would be to repeal it, and to a business man it would seem that the best thing to do with a losing transaction would be to abandon it. The question in the president's mind had been whether the of silver bullion. Replying to Senator Pugh's recent speech, he said he had read the president's message in vain to find the evidence upon which the senator rests his belief that the president does not intend to keep faith with his

party and the people. Mr. Lindsay announced that he would accept no amendment to the pending bill which tolerates the further purchase of silver bullion.

Twenty-Nine Buildings Burned.

SCHELL CITY, Mo., Sept. 15.-Fire here Thursday destroyed property to the value of \$80,000. Three hotels, including the Duck house, and the Missouri, Kansas & Texas depot, three half a dozen shops, two livery stables a number of dwelling houses-in all twenty-nine buildings-were burned. The total insurance is only \$8,650.

Bismarck Very Iil.

Berlin, Sept. 16.—Private telegrams received in this city from Kissingen state that the condition of Prince Bismarck has become much worse. He is now in a state approaching unconIN GREAT PERIL.

Ashland and Other Wisconsin Towns Surrounded by Fire-Some Loss of Life Reported and It Is Feared the Death List Will Be Heavy.

ASHLAND, Wis., Sept. 18.-A prayer for rain is the hopeless cry throughout northern Wisconsin. The forest flames continue to sweep everything before them. It has been an exciting day in Ashland. Settlers are coming in from all directions fleeing for their lives. At noon Sunday the people were called from worship by fire alarms. The cinders and smoke became almost blinding all over the city. Over a thousand volunteers were added to the fire department to check the flames which rushed in on the city from the Odanah Indian reservation.

At 3 o'clock there was a cry of despair among the people living near the Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western railway shops. The waterworks had given out and there was no water. The chemical engines were brought, but it was useless to try to stop the flames, as a high gale of wind was blowing. There are tew wells in the city. The coal sheds caught fire and plucky engineers soon had the thirty dead locomotives fired up, running all rolling stock to the lake front. Household goods have been burned and over a hundred families are already homeless.

The sun was almost obscured by the heavy clouds of smoke and cinders. Twenty men were overcome in fighting flames and taken to the hospital. The timber and vegetation are like straw. No rain has fallen since July 10. Three families near Marengo have perished. There was no help to go to them. The firemen, with wet sponges and goggles, cannot remain long in the intense heat and smoke. Settlers arriving have pitiable stories to tell, and are being cared for by those who still have houses. One man named Agstron was driven crazy by the loss of his wife and family of two children. A woman and baby were picked up in an insensible condition Sunday night near White River road. The child died soon after arriving here. The mother is in a delirium and it is supposed that her husband perished at Odanah reservation.

As near as can be estimated fire now covers nearly 200 square miles and is sweeping north. Damage to standing pine will be heavy and approximate not less than \$5,000,000. Indians are camping on a raft in Bad river and hemmed in with an archway of flames. All communication is cut off from the surrounding small towns and it is imposssible to give details of the holocausts and losses, but if rain does not come soon the death list will run up into the hundreds.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., Sept. 18.-For several days this city has been enveloped in dense smoke from numerous forest fires south of here, but no danger was anticipated until Sunday afternoon when the fires approached the city forced in by a strong wind. The fire department was called out and the flames were fought off before they reached any of the buildings in the outskirts of the city.

**NEWMAN ANSWERS A BUDDHIST.** 

Methodist Bishop Reviews the Great Re-

. ligions of the World. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 18.—Bishop John P. Newman, of Omaha, Neb., delivered a sermon Sunday before a crowded house in Trinity M. E. church in New Albany, Ind., in answer to the discourse delivered at the parliament of religions in Chicago a few days ago by a learned Buddhist, whose arguments were characterized by Bishop Newton as an insult to the Christian and intelligent people of America. The preacher reviewed the life and teachings of Buddha, and said that Buddhism had given to the world no helpful literature, no system of free government, no social system and no heroic virtues. On the banks of the Ganges, Bishop Newman said, was a religion claimed to be the oldest in existencethat of Brahma. The Pundit who had recently spoken in Chicago valued his religion above that of Christ, but, said the bishop, mark the result -the infanticide of girls, the contempt of women, children thrown into the Ganges, widowhood a crime and the widow given to be burned on the funeral pyre of her deceased husband. Out of this religion has come thuggery, a condition that permits its enthusiasts to become robbers, assassins and thieves. After speaking briefly of the other religions referred to Bishop Newman eloquently contrasted the four religions with that of Christ, and showed the results of each morally, socially and nationally.

THRIFT OF A THIEF.

How the Mint Was Robbed of Gold and the Money Recovered.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18 .- It is understood here that the government officers have captured the man who stole \$150,-000 worth of gold from the mint at Philadelphia, and that \$100,000 worth of the precious metal has been recovered. The name of the thief has not yet large warehouses, an implement house, been disclosed, but the method adoptwas an employe at the mint, and he used a common iron garden rake which he inserted between the bars of the vault door and raked the gold out with it. He has been at work doing this for a number of years, but, fortunately for the government and Mr. Bosbyshell's bondsmen, he hoarded up his ill-gotten gold, and, upon being captured, it is said, turned it over to the officials. Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Baking Baking Powder

# **ABSOLUTELY PURE**

"DIDN'T you know you were doing wrong when you counterfeited that dollar?" asked the judge of the young culprit. "No. 1 didn't judge. The fact is the engraving work on that dollar I made is worth two dollars and fifty cents any day."-Harper's

Cheap Excursions to the West.

An exceptionally favorable opportunity for visiting the richest and most productive sections of the west and northwest will be afforded by the series of low rate harvest excursions which have been arranged by the North-Western Line. Tick its for these excursions will be sold on August 22d, September 12th and October 10th, 1893, to points in Northwestern Iowa, Western Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Manitoba Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming and Utah, and will be good for return passage within twenty days from date of sale. Stop-over privileges will be allowed on going trip in territory to which the tickets are sold. For further information call on or address Ticket Agents of connecting lines. Circulars giving rates and detailed information will be mailed free, upon application to W. A. Thrall, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago & North-Western Railway,

THE tenant who spends all his money on a tear naturally has cause to worry over the rent.-Buffalo Courier.

CONDUCTOR E. D. LOOMIS, Detroit, Mich., says: "The effect of Hall's Catarrh Cure is wonderful." Write him about it. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

	THE MARKET	S.				
-	NEW, Yo	ORI	K. 5	Sept.	18.	
	LIVE STOCK-Cattle	83	25	@		1
	Sheep	3	00	Ca .		1
•	Hogs	6	00	100		- 1
	FLOUR-Fair to Fancy	2	55		3 55	-
	Minnesota Patents	- 3	40	(0)	10	
	WHEAT-No. 2 Red		73	@	739	K.
	Ungraded Red		69	@	734	4
	CORN-No 2		52	60	53	-
1	Ungraded Mixed		45	0	463	6
	OATS-Mixed Western		35	0	36	1
	RYE-Western		52	0	53	- 1
'	PORK-Mess	17			7 50	1
	LARD-Western	9	10		123	6
	BUTTER-Western Creamery.		18	@	27	
	CHICAGO.					1
•	BEEVES-Shipping Steers	83	30	@ !	60	1
	Cows	1	00	0	2 70	- 1
	Stockers	2	00	60 5	2 75	1
	Feeders	2	50	@	3 00	
1	Butchers' Steers	3	00	0	3 70	- 1
	Bulls	1	50		3 50	1
	HOGS		40		5 50	- 1
•	SHEEP	1			4 25	- 1
,	BUTTER-Creamery		22	0	27	- 1
	Dairy		15	0	23	.
'	EGGS-Fresh		15	0	15	4
	BROOM CORN-					. 1
,	Hurl			<b>*</b> @	43	2
	Self-working			400	4	. 1
•	Crooked		40	40	25	9

POTATOES—New (per bu.) 68 @ 73
PORK—Mess 16 30 @16 40
LARD—Steam 8 70 @ 8 85
FLOUR—Spring Patents 3 50 @ 4 00
Spring Straights 2 50 @ 3 09
Winter Patents 2 50 @ 3 25 Winter Patents..... 2 50 @ 3 25 Rye. No. 2.... Barley, Good to Choice..... 

Shingles...... 2 45 @ 3 00 KANSAS CITY. 

OMAHA. CATTLE \$3 50 @ 5.85 Feeders 225 @ 3 30 HOGS 560 @ 6 00 SHEEP 225 @ 3 75

"German Syrup"

Justice of the Peace, George Wilkinson, of Lowville, Murray Co., Minn., makes a deposition concerning a severe cold. Listen to it. "In the Spring of 1888, through exposure I contracted a very severe cold that settled on my lungs. This was accompanied by excessive night sweats. One bottle of Boschee's German Syrup broke up the cold, night sweats, and all and left me in a good, healthy condition. I can give German Syrup my most earnest commendation."

Doctor (on shipboard, to invalid passenger)—"You are pretty ill this morning, I'm afraid, Mr. Smith." Invalid Passenger—"Awfully." Doctor—"Well, here is one grain of comfort for you." Invalid Passenger-"No use, doctor; I couldn't retain it a

In the Grasp of a Cruel Enemy

Hosts of people writhe through life to a premature grave. Rheumatism once fully developed is a ceaseless tormentor, and always threatens life from its liability to attack a vital part. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, used early and continuously, will bring relief and prevent evil consequences. Constipation, liver, malarial and kidney com-plaints, debility and nervousness are completely remedied by this highly sanctioned

SPINDLE—"How do you feel after your en-counter with me?" Wool—"I'm worsted."

BEECHAM'S PILLS will dislodge bile, stir up the liver, cure sick headaches, and make you feel well. 25 cents a box.

Too MANY crooks spoil the brotherhood of man.-Puck.

CURE your cough with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

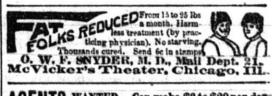


# KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.



AGENTS WANTED. Can make \$3 to \$20 per day selling the Gem Scissors' Sharpener. Send 25c. for sample. C. H. RUSSELL, Hartford, Conn.

EDUCATIONAL.

Broad Educational work. Business, Shorthand, Academic and Preparatory Technical instruction. Find Library and Gymnasium. Address E. I. GALVIN, Supt. 63-NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.



A. N. K.-A

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE

THERE IS A BRAND OF TOBACCO CALLED "J. T." PLUG. It is a MOST PLEASANT and LASTING CHEW. TRY IT AND YOU WILL USE NO OTHER.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

# SAPOLIO

**GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS.** SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

#### Here and There.

A Detroit book dealer says that nearly twice as much light literature is sold during the summer months as in the who, as a rule, prefer novels and books of fiction to those of standard authors.

An exchange tells of a subscriber who died and left 14 years subscription unpaid. The editor appeared as the lid was screwed on the last time and put in a linen duster a thermometer, a palm leaf fan and a receipt for making ice. Who says the editor has not a large heart?

One of our exchanges pays the girls the following compliment: "The Michigan girl is of the right sort. She is not afraid to go into the orchard to pick fruit, nor the packing house to pack, nor the cannery to can. They are the sugar of the earth, roses of Sharon, the lilies of the valley, the-in short, they are the World's Fair.

Don't worry over the hard times. There will be plenty to cat and drink in this country after we are all dead and gone. And besides, worry only makes matters worse. Everybody is in the same boat with you so that you have lots of good company. Wall street cannot deprive us of sunshine and air. A higher power than the goldbugs controls the elements.-Ex.

Golden-rod is in blossom and as usual influenza is prevalent. It has come to be a recognized fact that the æsthetic yellow flower over which the poets rave is responsible for the many cases of this disease that always occur at this time of the year. The flower on no account should be allowed in the house, in sleeping apartments. It is said that the flowers give off an imprecep tible powder-like substance, which is breathed into the lungs, causing irritation and producing violent sneezing and coughing-Ex.

A learned German scientist makes the astonishing announcement that among women mustaches are commoner in the present day than they used to be in the past. In Constantinople one out of every ten women have unmistakable evidences of down on their upper lips. A similiar proportion of mustached women is to be noticed among ladies in Madrid. And in Philadelphia a physician in cold blood has observed that fully three per cent of the women are mustached. What do these facts indicate? A certain Mr. Mott thinks they indicate the improvement of the human race, for, according to his theory, the race is destined eventually to be completely covered with hair.

It is now patent to any observer that during the coming winter in thousands of families throughout the country one fire will have to answer where two were thought necessary during the winter a year ago. It is no less manifest that in hundreds of factories the wheels have ceased to revolve and no fuel whatever will be required. This condition is not peculiar to the middle states, but is common everywhere in the domain of Uncle Sam. In spite of it, however, and in spite of the fact that the owners of the hard coal product have on hand an unusually large supply, the price is held stiffer than it was a year ago when the majority of people were living on Easy street.

According to the latest information there are now published in the world about 5,000 daily newspapers and fully 2,000 of them in the United States. In addition to the dailies there are said to be fully 20.000 weeklies, beside the multitude of monthly and other periodicals whose mission is to keep the world informed. The oldest newspaper in the world is said to be the Pekin Gazette, started more than a thousand years ago and in the same form and size in which it now appears. The whole empire of China has but nine other dailies and fourteen periodicals, while its oldest paper in Europe is the Frankfort with the title of newspapers.

Journal, when the Government of the United States will have to place an export marrying titled paupers to American heiresses has become quite an industry in their credit, however, there are thousands burst open. of rich and beautiful American girls who go abroad every year and return with their hearts and earthly possessions still their own. They are flattered and feted, but not fooled. They have a good time, but they are not there for the purpose of repairing broken fortunes. When one of the thousand does throw herself away, of course the 999, who never had any intention or desire to marry abroad, are included to the light will show why we call it Ruby. \$500 reward for any bottle of this wine found under five years old, or in any way adulterated. It is grand in sickness and convalescence, or where a strengthening cordial is required; recomin the list of availables for foreign con- mended by druggists and physicians. Be sumption. This is a libel on the American girl. She knows her business, and yet it may be well to warn her that the matrimonial industry in England is in full blast and that there are thousands of hard-up titles looking for bargains.

Included by druggists and physicians. Be sure your get "Royal Ruby," don't let dealers impose on you with something "just as good," but go to R. S. Armstrong & Co, and get the genuine. Sold only in bottles; price, quarts \$1, pints 60 cts. Bottled by Coions, per bushel.

Onions, per bushel.

Onions, per bushel.

Onions, per bushel.

#### To Make a Cup of Good Tea.

We are fast becoming such a nation of no means unusual to have a cup of bitter, the name of tea.

put in on top of the water and allowed to stand for five or seven minutes, when the bitterness. Simple hot water will not boiling. Neither will water that has been -the water must be freshly boiled.

#### The Lake Route to the World's Fair via Picturesque Mackinaw.

Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the Floating Palaces of the Detroit & Cleveland Steam Navigation Company. just been built for this Upper Lake route, costing \$300,000 each, and are guaranteed Cleveland; during July and August double strong & Co., Druggists. daily service will be maintained, giving a daylight ride across Lake Erie. Daily service between Cleveland and Put-in-Bay. First-class stateroom accommodations and menu, and exceedingly low Round Trip Rates. The palatial equipments, the luxon these steamers thoroughly enjoyable Send for illustrated pamphlet. Address A. A. Schantz, G. P. A. Detroit & Cleveland Steam Nay. Co., Detroit, Mich.

#### Notice.

I am now ready to take all apples that may come to my Evaporator at the highest market price.

GEO. H. MITCHELL, Lima, Mich.

## Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, Sept. 18, 1893.

Matt Zincer.

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

WM. JUDSON, P. M.

# A Leader.

Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in popular favor until now it is clearly in the lead among pure medicinal tonics and alterativescontaining nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of Stomach, Liver or Kidneys It will cure Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, and drive Malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle or the money will be refunded Price only 50c per bottle. Sold by F. P. Glazier & Co.

# The Depths of the Ocean.

Below half a mile in depth the water of he ocean is intensely cold, remaining both winter and summer at a point only slightly above freezing. The contents of a trowl hauled up from the noor of the sea at the equator will be found to include mud and neighbors the Japanese, have ninety-two looke that is nearly freezing. All of the life dailies, beside 175 other periodicals. The in the vast waste of waters called the Pacific is either near the surface or at the Post Zeitung, unless some of the bulletins bottom. The abyssal fishes cannot live once post in the Roman forum are dignified except under the enormous pressure of water-amounting to two tons to the The time may come, says the Detroit | square inch at three miles down-to which they are subjected. In order that they may be able to endure this the tissues of duty on American girls. The business of their bodies and even their bones are very loose in texture. Though solid, enough under the conditions to which they are England, and it is being fostered and accustomed, they are soft and pulpy when encouraged by all the relatives, rich and dragged up to the open air. Their eyes poor, of the titled pauper. Be it said to protrude and sometimes they actually

Taste of "Royal Ruby Port Wine" and on will know why we call it "Royal."

## Don't Discard the Suspenders.

The stout man who wears a tight belt tea drinkers that every woman ought to around his waist to give him an appearknow how to brew a cop of tea that will be ance of jauntiness, as well as to do the winter. The increase is caused by tourists tresh and aromatic. Simple as it would suspender service, does not know what seem, few understand the art, and it is by hatm he is doing to himself. A doctor told me yesterday that the wearing of a puckery, almost deadly stuff offered one in tight belt by a man, especially a stout man is most injurious to health. It stops the Tea must not boil; it must not even be circulation and does not permit the digesallowed to remain on the stove to "steep." live organs to operate as they should. A kettle of fresh boiling water must be When asked why it should be so much prepared, the teapot heated, the boiling more injurious for a man to wear anything water put into the pot and the fea leaves | tight around his waist than it is for a woman who is laced up year in and year out, the doctor said: "A man and woman can't be tea will be ready for use and must be compared in that regard. A man uses poured into the cup or another pot to save entirely different muscles in breathing than a woman. He becomes accustomed to answer for teamaking-the water must be breathing from his abdomen, while a woman breathes entirely from her chest. boiling on the stove for half an hour answer | Men had better wear loose belts and provide some other substitute for suspenders." -Pittsburg Dispatch.

#### Prof. Nacl

Government chemist, writes: I have carefully analyzed your Royal Ruby Port Wine, bought by me in the open market, and Two new steel passenger steamers have certify that I found the same absolutely pure and well aged. This wine is especially recommended for its health-restoring and to be the grandest, largest, safest and fast- building up properties; it strengthers the est steamers on the Lakes; speed 20 miles | weak and restores lost vitality; particularly per hour, running time between Cleveland adapted for convalescents, the aged, Toledo and Chicago less than 50 hours. nursing mothers and those reduced and Four trips per week between Toledo, weakened by over-work and worry. Be Detroit, Alpena, Mackinaw, Petoskey and sure you get "Royal Ruby;" \$1 per quart Chicago. Daily trips between Detroit and bottle, pints 60 cts. Sold by R. S. Arm-

#### Brilliant Whitewash.

To a half-bushel of best lime slacked in hot water add eight quarts of salt dissolved in hot water, two and a halfpounds ury of the appointments makes traveling of ground rice, boiled to a thin paste, stirred in boiling hot, also one pound of clean glue dissolved in hot water, and half a pound of fine whiting, with hot water enough to make the whitewash spread properly with a brush. Let it lie a day or two and then apply hot.

#### Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at F. P. Glazier & Co's. Drug Store. Large size 50c and \$1.00.

# Sheep.

Sheep will eat many plants that would urned on a field for that purpose. It is not profitable to attempt to keep sheep by compelling them to seek their food from such sources, yet it will be found an advantage to use the sheep as weed destroyers, not overlooking the ration that should be provided for them at night, however.

# Business Pointers.

Glazier, the druggist, sells all 50c medicines at 28 to 38c.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 80 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, Druggist, Chelsea, Mich. No 18

Glazier, the druggist, sells all dollar medicines at 58 to 78c per bottle.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavins, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring-Bone, Stifles, Sprains, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, Druggist, Chelsea, Mich. 18

Glazier, the druggist, sells all pills plasters, and 25c medicines at 12 to 18c.

# Markets.

Chelsea, Sept. 21, 1893. Corn, per bushel..... Beans, per bushel...... \$1 25

# WONDERFUL CURES

THOMAS MINCHIN.

MAJOR W. A. SIMFIELD.



Nervous Debility and Catarrh Cured, Thomas Minchin says: "I was reduced to a nervous wreck—only weighed 118 pounds. The result of early abuse was the cause. I had the following symptoms: Miserable mentally and physically, melancholy, nervousness, weakness, specks before the eyes, back, dreams and losses at night, tired in the morning, pimples on the face, loss of ambition, burning sensation, kidneys weak etc. Doctors could not cure me; but Drs. Kergan by their New Method freatment, cured me in a few weeks. I weigh now 170 pounds. It is three years ince I have taken their treatment."



Blood Disease and Dyspepsia Cured. Major Simfield says: "I had Dyspe and Catarrh of the Stemach for r years. To make matters worse I ed a Constitutional Blood Dis bones ached. Blotches on the sl cones ached. Blotches on the skin look corrible. I tried sixteen doctors in a friend recommended Drs. Kenned ment and in a few weeks was a new with renewed life and ambition. I not say too much for those scientific dor tors who have been in Detroit for fear teen years. I conversed with hundreds of patients in their offices who were bein cured for different diseases. I recommen them as honest and reliable Physicians.

TREAT AND GUARANTEE TO CURE Catarrh; Asthma; Bronchitis; Con-Rheumatism; Neuralgia; Nervous, Blood and Skin diseases; Stomach and Hearting eases; Tapeworm; Piles; Rupture: Impotency; Deafness; Diseases of the Rya Ear, Nose and Thront; Epilepsy; Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder; Errors of Youth Failing Manhood; Diseases of the Sexual Organs; Female Weakness; Diseases of Men and Women, and Chronic Diseases in general. They cure when others fail! ONLY CURABLE CASES ARE TAKEN FOR TREATMENT Their NEW METHOD TREATMENT known the world over, is curing diseases of every NEW MEIHUL TREATMENT nature that has baffled heretofore the medical profession. They are not 'family doctors'—they make a specialty of Chronic and difficult diseases. DISEASES OF MEN. They guarantee to cure all Weakness of Men arising from self abuse, later excesses or disease. Young man, you need help. Drs. K. & K. will cure you. You may have been treated by Quacks—consult Scientific Doctors. No cure, no pay. Consult them.

ISEASES OF WOMEN. Why suffer in silence? They can cure you, is placements. Irregularity, and painful periods cured in a short time, newed vitality given. Illustrated Book Free, Inclose stamp.

SPECIAL DISEASES. Spermatorrhoa, Varicocele, Gleet, Unnatural Diseases, Discharges, Private diseases, Stricture, Syphilis, and all Blood diseases guaranteed cured or no pay. 14 years in Detroit — 180,000 cures—National reputation. Books free—Consultation free — Names confidential. If unable to call, write for a list of questions and advice free. DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, 148 Shelby St., DETROIT, MICH.

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# Excelsion

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Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection WM. CASPARY.

#### Real Estate for Sale. CTATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenay

Barthel and Sibila Barthel, minors.
Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned Guardian of the estate of said minors by the Hon, Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the fifteenth day of August A. D. 1893, there will be sold at Public Vendue, to the highest bidder. at the promises hereinafter described in the Village of Chelsea in the County of Washtenaw in said State, on Saturday the seventh day of October A. D. 1893 at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances not be touched by cattle, and are capable of preventing the growth of many weeds if turned on a field for that purpose. It is All the undivided one half of all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the Village of

Michigan, known and described as follows to-wit: Commencing at the Northwest corner of Lot Number forty-five (45) of Block Number three (3) according to the (45) of Block Number three (3) according to the plat of said yillage of Chelsea and running thence South along the West line of said lot to the South-west corner of said lot forty-five (45) thence East parallel with the North line of said lot twenty-three (23) feet thence North parallel with West line of said lot to the North end of said lot thence West along North line of said lot twenty-three (23) feet to the place of begining. begining.
Dated, Chelsea August 24, 1893.
MATTHIAS SCHWIKERATH,
Guardian of said Minors.

# Commissioners Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenay The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of David Thomas, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the law office of David B. Taylor in the village of Chelsea, in said County on the fifth day of December and on the fifth day of March next, at ten o'clock A. M., of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated September 5th, 1893.

HIRAM PIERCE
ARTHUR S. CONGDON
Commissioners.

# Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wash-tenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the 14th day of September in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Pro-

In the matter of the Estate of Cornella Pratt deceased. Becker Pratt, the administrator of said estate comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final of said estate contest and that he is now prepared to render his final account as such Administrator.

Thereupon it is Ordered, that Tuesday, the 17th day or October next, at ten o'clock in the forencon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased and allother persons interested of said deceased and allother persons in the said deceased of said deceased and allother persons 13c of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed. And it is further ordered, that said Administrator give further ordered, that said Administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in The Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WH.LARD BABBITT,

[A true copy.]

J. Judge of Probate.

WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

A remedy has been found which cures chronic diseases; not every case, but a large precentag of them. And in cases too i gone for cure; it affords reli and prolongs life. Many w have been given over by phys cians have been prevailed up by friends to try this remedy, t Compound Oxygen Treatment Drs. Starkey and Palen, of Phi adelphia, and are now living testify to its wonderful curative powers. It has been successi in curing many cases of catarr malarial diseases, hay feve asthma, bronchitis, neuralgia, ne vous prostration and other chron diseases. In these diseases phys cians have had little success, the name they have given to the class of disorders indicates, b Compound Oxygen has work wonders.

There is only one genuine Con pound Oxygen, and any man elsewhere or by others than Di Starkey and Palen, is spuriou Avoid imitations.

If you wish to learn more this wonderful remedy, send our book of 200 pages, sent fre with numerous testimonials a records of surprising cures. 49

# Drs. Starkey & Palen

1529 Arch St, Philadelphia, Pa. 120 Sutter St., San Francisco, C

# Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washing ounty of Washienaw, holden at the Pro-

Robert Royd, Administrator with Robert Royd, Administrator with annexed of said deceased, comes in and represents that he is now preto appear at a session of sale in the Cubbe holden at the Probate office, in the Cubh Ann Arbor, in said County, and show caus any there be, why the said account should any there be, why the said account should be allowed: And it is further ordered, be allowed: And it is further ordered. interested in said estate, of the said account, and the hearing causing a copy of this Order to in the Chelsen Herald, a newspi and circulating in said count, ssive weeks previous to said day of J. WILLARD BABRITT.

[A true copy.] WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register